ILIADIC BEAUTY FORMS AND THEMES SOLID, FLESH, FLUIDS Ann Bergren

> Tao Te Ching, Chapter 8 上: shang "supreme, highest style of" 善: shan "goodness, excellence, virtue, person of superior goodness" 岩: re "is like" 水: shui "water"

Aristotle, *De generatione et corruptione*. 329b29-31. ὑγρὸν δὲ τὸ ἀόριστον οἰκείῳ ὅρῳ εὑόριστον ὄν, ξηρὸν δὲ τὸ εὐόριστον μὲν οἰκείῳ ὅρῳ, δυσόριστον δέ. "The wet is that which is not bounded by any boundary of its own, while being easily bounded, and the dry is easily bounded by its own boundary, but with difficulty bounded."

So this is like life: the worthiness of your effort can never measure up to your gratitude.

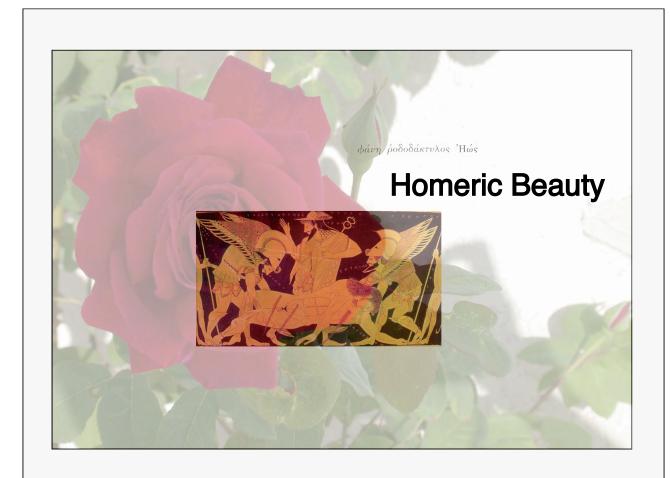
#### Dearest Greg,

A few years ago for a seminar on "beauty" in Homer I made two books, one for the *Iliad* and one for the *Odyssey*. Behind my effort was a question we all share who look to early Greek as the foundation of western aesthetics: where did the "beautiful" come from?

I tried to pursue this question via these two books. They offer a way of reading the epics that is opened by the existence of the Homeric text in digital form. This digital access makes it relatively easy to deploy all the the instances of *kalos* (and its related forms, the noun, *kallos*, the comparative, *kalliôn*, the superlative *kallistos*, and the compound adjective *perikallês*) first according to FORMS, and then according to THEMES.<sup>1</sup> This digital accessibility enables us to put texts that may lie apart in the original poem beside one another, creating a new kind of reading experience of the epic - a reading through the instances of the "beautiful" one after another.

My hope in this letter is to present an example of this form of searching for the meaning of Homeric words, a topic that has occupied me since my dissertation, so guided by you in so many ways. For it and for so many other inspirations, it is my pleasure to thank you.

Here is the cover for the book on the *Iliad*.



Iliad FORMS

**Iliad THEMES** 

The listing of the FORMS of *kalos* makes it possible to see which forms, indeed, are used, to what extent and with what distribution, and also - when distribution is adequate - to assess their formulaic characteristics. The assembly of the forms according to THEMES - that is, to what the forms modify - makes it possible to determine what is termed "beautiful" in the *lliad*.

Of the instances of *kalos* and its cognates in the *lliad*, the majority are used of material works of art and craft - especially, but not solely, armor and other weaponry. In this way the founding document of western verbal culture pays enormous tribute to the visual, plastic works of Hephaestus and Athena, and their human counterparts. These works are solid, able to resist and sometimes withstand impact, to hold water, and to support the human body. By the solidity of their form, they can contain and define. Yet *kalos* also designates works of varying degrees of fluidity and permeability - from human skin to blood to water. It is the relation of these modes that makes up lliadic beauty.

The sheer seriality of these instances makes a huge impression - something like, but even more than that of the catalogue of ships or the myriad fightings in the "battle books." Especially the instances of arms and armaments builds to a crescendo that traces the overall plot of the *Iliad*, as the poem fulfills the plot promised in the proem,  $\Delta i \dot{o} \dot{o} \dot{o}$   $\dot{o} \dot{o} \dot{o}$   $\dot{o} \dot{o} \dot{o} \dot{o}$ 

In order to give some sense - even in the format of a letter - of the force of this repetition, so endemic to the poetics of Homeric epic, here below is a "table of contents" of the THEMES. The order is not chronological. We start with those WORKS OF ART AND CRAFT that do not belong to the overall plot of Achilles' *aristeia* and his restoration of *xenia* with Priam. Following that introduction, we go through the categories of the HUMAN BODY, NATURE, and CONDUCT. These instances create a kind of overarching atmosphere that descends like dew with its meaning upon every usage that belongs to Zeus' plot, termed here as ACHILLES' *ARISTEIA* AND THE RESORATION OF *XENIA* WITH PRIAM. That plot traces its development through these categories: ARMING, ARMING AND "ARMING" OF HERA, ARMOR VICTIM to VICTOR, ACHILLES' ARISTEIA, and ACHILLES + PRIAM. If you would like to read through the texts containing *kalos* in this section of THEMES, they are attached as an Appendix to this letter.<sup>2</sup>

Following this section on Iliadic THEMES, there is a an example of how the FORMS of Iliadic beauty demonstrate your etymology of the Homeric hexameter.

And following that section on Iliadic FORMS, there is a tracing of the most poignant confluence of solid, flesh, and fluid in Iliadic beauty, the one that lends its full poignancy and unsentimental impact to the killing of Hector by Achilles.

These texts and translations come from the Chicago Homer. I hope others will use their resources.

So this letter has four parts.

- I. ILIADIC THEMES
  - **TABLE OF CONTENTS**
- II. ILIADIC FORMS
  - FORMULAIC CHARACTERISTICS OF BEAUTIFUL ARMOR
- III. SOLID, FLESH, FLUIDS
- IV. APPENDIX
  - TEXTS FOR THE TABLE OF CONTENTS OF THE THEMES OF HOMERIC BEAUTY

# I. ILIADIC THEMES TABLE OF CONTENTS

EPITHETS καλόν Agamemnon 1 καλή

# WORKS OF ART AND CRAFT SPACE καλὸν cut of land: τέμενος 3 καλὴν city name: Αἴπειαν 2 καλὰ agricultural ἔργα 1 ARCHITECTURE καλὸν wall of Troy: τεῖχος 1 καλὰ house: δώματα 2 καλῆς stern of ship: πρυμνῆς 1 FURNITURE METAL καλὸν cauldron: λέβητα 1 cup: δέπας 1 κάλλει krater: κρητῆρα 1 WOOD καλῆς chest: χηλοῦ 1 METAL + WOOD καλὴν + περικαλλέ table: τράπεζαν 1 cup: δέπας 1 καλῆ Achilles' lyre: φόρμιγγι 1 xenia gifts: ξεινήϊα 1 possessions: κειμήλια 1 WEAVING καλά wool: εἴρια 1 καλοῖς baskets: κανέοισιν 1 POETRY AND SONG καλὸν paean to Apollo: παιήονα 1 καλῆ + περικαλλέος voice: ὀπì 1 φόρμιγγος: 1 **HUMAN BODY**

```
Καστιάνειρα, ῥοδοδάκτυλος Ἡώς. Πολυδώρη, Πολυμήλη, Κλεοπάτρη 5
κάλλιστον / κάλλιστος
Nireus, Ganymede 2
κάλλισται
women offered by Agamemnon to Achilles 2
FORM
καλὸν
form: εἶδος of Paris 1
καλὰ
SKIN + WOUNDING
skin: χρόα 4
FACE
face: πρόσωπα 1
κάλ'
ANKLES + WOUNDING
ankles: σφυρά 1
EYES
eyes: ὄμματα 1
BEAUTY + EROS
κάλλος / κάλλει / κάλλεος
Paris, Bellerophon, women of Lesbos, daughter of Agamemnon, Hippodameia, Ganymede 7
                                                                                                                      NATURE
καλὰ
groves: ἄλσεα 1
κάλλιστον / κάλλιστος
water: ὕδωρ 1
καλῷ
star: ἀστέρι 1
καλῆσι
streams of water: ὕδατος ῥοῆσι 1
καλῆ
plane-tree: πλατανίστω 1
                                                                                                                    CONDUCT
καλόν
distress whoever distresses me: κήδειν ὅς κ' ἐμὲ κήδῃ 1
negated: overweening boasting: ὑπέρβιον εὐχετάασθαι 1
listen to speaker in assembly: ἑσταότος ἀκούειν 1
negated: for one older and more knowledgable to begin speaking 1
καλά
negated: keep anger in your thumos when your people are dying 1
gods joining battle 1
gods give up war strength 1
                                       ACHILLES' ARISTEIA AND THE RESORATION OF XENIA WITH PRIAM
                                                                                                                       ARMING
καλὸν
skin: χρόα 1
sword: φάσγανον 1
tunic: χιτῶνα 1
καλὰ
sandals: πέδιλα 4
armor: τεύχεα 9 + ἔντεα 3
```

blades: φάσγανα 1

chariot: ἄρματα 1 armor: τεύχεα 1 καλοὶ chariots: δίφροι 1 καλὴν shield of Agamemnon: ἀσπίδα 1 shield of Sarpedon: ἀσπίδα 1 axe: ἀξίνην 1 καλὰς greaves: κνημίδας 2 καλῆσιν battlements: ἐπάλξεσιν 1 καλλίστους horses of Resus: ἵππους 1 ARMING AND "ARMING" OF HERA ARMING κάλ' breast straps: λέπαδνα 1 καλὸν yoke: ζυγόν 1 "ARMING" καλὸν skin: χρόα 1 καλοὺς curls of hair: πλοκάμους 1 καλῷ veil: κρηδέμνῳ 1 καλὰ sandals: πέδιλα 1 καλὸν throne: θρόνον 1 καλὴν cloud: νεφέλην 1 ARMOR VICTIM to VICTOR ARMOR PATROCLUS TO HECTOR καλάς greaves: κνημίδας 1 armor: τεύχεα 2 + ἔντεα 2 ARMOR ACHILLES + THETIS καλά armor: τεύχεα 2 + ἔντεα 2 ARMOR THETIS + HEPHAESTUS καλή epithet: Χάρις, wife of Hephpaestus 1 καλά xenia gifts: ξεινήϊα 1 armor: τεύχεα 1 καλοῦ chair: θρόνου 1

καλὰς

greaves: κνημίδας 1 SHIELD + HELMET OF ACHILLES SHIELD καλὸν Linos song 1 καλά flocks of sheep: πώεα 1 epithet: Ares and Athena 1 καλῆ glen: βήσση 1 καλὰς cities: πόλεις 1 garlands: στεφάνας 1 καλὴν vineyard: ἀλωὴν 1 HELMET helmet: κόρυθα 1 ACHILLES' ARISTEIA ARMOR ACHILLES + THETIS καλὰ armor: τεύχεα 1 **ACHILLES ARMING** καλὰς greaves: κνημίδας 1 shield: σάκος SIMILE: fire 1 καλὰ breast straps: λέπαδν' 1 ACHILLES VICTOR SAPLING SIMILE καλὸν sapling of olive: ἔρνος ἐλαίης 1 ACHILLES VS LYCAON καλός epithet: Achilles 1 ACHILLES VS RIVERS κάλλιστον / κάλλιστος water: ὕδωρ 1 καλὰ armor: τεύχεα 2 streams: ῥέεθρα 7 PRIAM ON "BEAUTIFUL DEATH" καλὰ all things: πάντα 1 young man's "beautiful death ACHILLES VS. HECTOR καλοὶ / καλαί washing tanks: πλυνοὶ 1 Trojan daughters: θύγατρες 1 καλὸν

Achilles' shield: σάκος 1

plumes of Achilles' helmet: ἔθειραι 1

καλαὶ

```
κάλλιστος
SIMILE: Achilles' spear like star: ἀστήρ 1
Hector's skin: χρόα 1
καλά
armor: τεύχεα 1
                                                                                                    ACHILLES + PRIAM
                                                                                                      RESTORATION OF XENIA
κάλλιον
adverb: negated: mistreatment of dead body: provoking nemesis of the gods 1
lids of chest: ἐπιθήματα 1
περικαλλέας
robes: πέπλους 1
καλὴν
mule-wagon: ἄμαξαν 1
καλὰ
adverb: narrate fate of Hector 1
καλόν
goblet: ἄλεισον 1
cloak: φᾶρος 1
καλά
blankets: ῥήγεα 1
καλοῖς
baskets: κανέοισιν 1
II.
         ILIADIC FORMS
         FORMULAIC CHARACTERISTICS OF BEAUTIFUL ARMOR
                                                           armor: τεύχεα καλὰ # [consonant initial] + ἔντεα καλὰ # [vowel initial]
                                                                                                                [# = line end]
                                                                                                               τεύχεα καλὰ #
line end Adonic segment
e.g.
                                         - uu - u
2.44
         αὐτὰρ ὅ γ' ἀμφ' ὤμοισιν ἐδύσετο τεύχεα καλὰ
mid line Adonic segment
e.g.
                - uu - u
11.797 καί τοι τεύχεα καλὰ δότω πόλεμον δὲ φέρεσθαι,
pher3d as PROTO-HEXAMETER [G. Nagy, Comparative Studies in Greek and Indic Meter, pp. 49-102]
pher 3d can accomodate phrases - formulas - of the various lyric metrical forms
e.g.
                         mid line Adonic
                                                            line end Adonic
```

- u u - u 3 4 5 6 7 - u u - u

12 13 14 15 16

#### pher 3d x x - u u - u u - u u - u 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

split line: # καλὰ

e.g.

19.11 τύνη δ' Ἡφαίστοιο πάρα κλυτὰ τεύχεα δέξο

καλὰ μάλ', οἶ' οὔ πώ τις ἀνὴρ ὤμοισι φόρησεν.

split over three lines

18.84 ἷσον ἐμῆ κεφαλῆ; τὸν ἀπώλεσα, τεύχεα δ' Ἔκτωρ

> δηώσας ἀπέδυσε πελώρια θαῦμα ἰδέσθαι καλά: τὰ μὲν Πηλῆϊ θεοὶ δόσαν ἀγλαὰ δῶρα

		ἔντεα καλὰ <b>#</b>
line end Adonic segment		
10.34	τὸν δ' εὖρ' ἀμφ' ὤμοισι τιθήμενον <mark>ἔντεα καλὰ</mark>	
mid line Adonic segment		
18.130	άλλά τοι <mark>ἔντεα καλὰ</mark> μετὰ Τρώεσσιν ἔχονται	
split line		
10.472	οἳ δ' εὖδον καμάτῳ ἀδηκότες, <mark>ἔντεα</mark> δέ σφιν	
	καλά παρ' αὐτοῖσι χθονὶ κέκλιτο εὖ κατὰ κόσμον	
MORE	line end Adonic segment	
		xenia gifts: ξεινήϊα καλά
6.218	οἳ δὲ καὶ ἀλλήλοισι πόρον <mark>ξεινήἳα καλά:</mark>	
		sacrificial offerings: ἱερὰ καλά
11.726	ἔνθα Διὶ ῥέξαντες ὑπερμενεῖ <mark>ἱερὰ καλά</mark> ,	
		possessions: κειμήλια καλά
18.290	νῦν δὲ δὴ ἐξαπόλωλε δόμων <mark>κειμήλια καλά</mark> ,	
		flocks of sheep: πώεα καλὰ
18.528	τάμνοντ' ἀμφὶ βοῶν ἀγέλας καὶ <mark>πώεα καλὰ</mark>	
		blankets: ῥήγεα καλὰ
24. 644	δέμνι' ὑπ' αἰθούσῃ θέμεναι καὶ <mark>ῥήγεα καλὰ</mark>	
line end Adonic with καλὰ first		
		face: καλὰ πρόσωπα
19.285	στήθεά τ' ἠδ' άπαλὴν δειρὴν ἰδὲ <mark>καλὰ πρόσωπα</mark>	
		streams: καλὰ ῥέεθρα
21.238	χέρσον δέ: ζωοὺς δὲ σάω κατὰ <mark>καλὰ ῥέεθρα</mark> ,	
MORE	mid line Adonic segment	
21. 350	τὰ περὶ <mark>καλὰ ῥέεθρα</mark> ἄλις ποταμοῖο πεφύκει:	
		blades: φάσγανα καλὰ
15.713	πολλὰ δὲ <mark>φάσγανα καλὰ</mark> μελάνδετα κωπήεντα	
		chariots: ἄρματα καλὰ
23. 532	ἕλκων <mark>ἄρματα καλὰ</mark> ἐλαύνων πρόσσοθεν ἵππους.	

wool: εἴρια καλά

3.388 ἤσκειν εἴρια καλά, μάλιστα δέ μιν φιλέεσκε\*:

before central trochaic - "feminine" - caesura

breast straps: λέπαδν'

- u u - u u - u u - u u - u u - u u - 19.393 ζεύγνυον: ἀμφὶ δὲ καλὰ λέπαδν' ἔσαν, ἐν δὲ χαλινοὺς

substantive negated

homes: δώματ'

- uu - - - u/u - uu - u u--

6. 326 δαιμόνι' οὐ μὲν καλὰ χόλον τόνδ' ἔνθεο θυμῷ,

with word bridging the central caesura

- - - u u u - u u - u u - -

8.400 ἔρχεσθ': οὐ γὰρ καλὰ συνοισόμεθα\* πτόλεμον δέ.

split line: # καλὰ

6. 313-4 Έκτωρ δὲ πρὸς δώματ' Άλεξάνδροιο βεβήκει

καλά, τά ρ' αὐτὸς ἔτευξε σὺν ἀνδράσιν οἳ τότ' ἄριστοι

#### III. SOLID, FLESH, FLUIDS

To feel the force of solid, flesh, and fluids in Homeric beauty, we must read through the build up of the instances of the formula, τεύχεα καλὰ, - one close after the other in a sequence that digital combination makes possible - those that form our readiness, shock, and compassionate, painful resistance to its occurrence in the conflict between Achilles and Scamander in Book 21 and in the killing of Hector by Achilles in Book 22.

Here are the earlier instances of τεύχεα καλά, those before Book 21.

τεύχεα καλὰ

3.328

Paris arming, after the shaking of the lots.

αὐτὰρ ὅ γ' ἀμφ' ὤμοισιν ἐδύσετο τεύχεα καλὰ while one of them put about his shoulders his splendid armour δῖος Ἀλέξανδρος Ἑλένης πόσις ἠϋκόμοιο. brilliant Alexandros, the lord of lovely-haired Helen.

5.621

Ajax unable to strip the armor of his victim, since he is pressed by missiles.

αὐτὰρ ὁ λὰξ προσβὰς ἐκ νεκροῦ χάλκεον ἔγχος Setting his heel on the chest of the corpse he pulled out the brazen ἐσπάσατ': οὐδ' ἄρ' ἔτ' ἄλλα δυνήσατο τεύχεα καλὰ spear, yet could no longer strip the rest of the glorious

ὤμοιιν ἀφελέσθαι: ἐπείγετο γὰρ βελέεσσι.

armour from his shoulders, since he was battered with spears thrown.

7.103

Menelaus arming to challenge "best of the Achaians."

ως ἄρα φωνήσας κατεδύσετο τεύχεα καλά.

So he spoke, and began to put on his splendid armour.

11.110

Agamemnon rushing to strip the armor of Isus and Antiphus.

σπερχόμενος δ' ἀπὸ τοῖιν ἐσύλα τεύχεα καλὰ

and in eager haste he stripped off from these their glorious armour

11.247

Agamemnon strips the armor from Iphidamas.

δὴ τότε γ' Ἀτρείδης Ἀγαμέμνων έξενάριξε,

Now Agamemnon, son of Atreus, stripped him and went back

βῆ δὲ φέρων ἀν' ὅμιλον Ἁχαιῶν τεύχεα καλά.

to the throng of the Achaians bearing the splendid armour.

11.798

Nestor to Patroclus: let Achilles send you to be light to Greeks and give you his armor.

άλλὰ σέ περ προέτω, ἄμα δ' ἄλλος λαὸς ἑπέσθω

et him send you out, at least, and the rest of the Myrmidon people

Μυρμιδόνων, αἴ κέν τι φόως Δαναοῖσι γένηαι:

follow you, and you may be a light given to the Danaans.

καί τοι τεύχεα καλά δότω πόλεμον δὲ φέρεσθαι,

And let him give you his splendid armour to wear to the fighting,

13.241

Idomeneus arming.

Ίδομενεὺς δ' ὅτε δὴ κλισίην εὔτυκτον ἵκανε

Idomeneus, when he came back to his strong-built shelter,

δύσετο τεύχεα καλά περὶ χροί, γέντο δὲ δοῦρε,

drew his splendid armour over his body, and caught up two spears,

13.510

Idomeneus hits Oenomaus, but cannot strip the armor from his shoulders, since he is pressed by missiles.

Ίδομενεὺς δ' ἐκ μὲν νέκυος δολιχόσκιον ἔγχος

Idomeneus wrenched out the far-shadowing spear from his body

έσπάσατ', οὐδ' ἄρ' ἔτ' ἄλλα δυνήσατο τεύχεα καλὰ

but had no power to strip the rest of his splendid armour

17.91

Menelaus, fearing blame for leaving behind Patroclus and his armor.

ὤ μοι ἐγὼν εἰ μέν κε λίπω κάτα τεύχεα καλὰ

'Ah me; if I abandon here the magnificent armour,

Πάτροκλόν θ', ὂς κεῖται ἐμῆς ἕνεκ' ἐνθάδε τιμῆς,

and Patroklos, who has fallen here for the sake of my honour,

μή τίς μοι Δαναῶν νεμεσήσεται ὅς κεν ἴδηται.

shall not some one of the Danaans, seeing it, hold it against me?

17.130

Hector has stripped Patroclus of Achilles' armor and is about to disect corpse when Ajax comes up. So Hector gives the armor to be taken to city to be μέγα κλέος for him.

Αἴας δ' ἐγγύθεν ἦλθε φέρων σάκος ἠὖτε πύργον:
Aias came near him, carrying like a wall his shield,
Έκτωρ δ' ἄψ ἐς ὅμιλον ἰὼν ἀνεχάζεθ' ἐταίρων,
and Hektor drew back to the company of his own companions
ἐς δίφρον δ' ἀνόρουσε: δίδου δ' ὅ γε τεύχεα καλὰ
and sprang to his chariot, but handed over the beautiful armour
Τρωσὶ φέρειν προτὶ ἄστυ, μέγα κλέος ἔμμεναι αὐτῷ.
to the Trojans, to take back to the city and to be his great glory.

17.760

The last words of Book 17: as Hector and Aeneus attack, many pieces of Greek armor fall.

πολλὰ δὲ τεύχεα καλὰ πέσον περί τ' ἀμφί\* τε τάφρον\* Many fine pieces of armour littered the ground on both sides φευγόντων Δαναῶν: πολέμου δ' οὐ γίγνετ' ἐρωή. of the ditch, as the Danaans fled. There was no check in the fighting.

18.84

Achilles to Thetis: Hector stripped off the armor given by the gods to Peleus on your wedding day.

Πάτροκλος, τὸν ἐγὼ περὶ πάντων τῖον ἑταίρων Patroklos, whom I loved beyond all other companions, ῗσον ἐμῇ κεφαλῇ; τὸν ἀπώλεσα, τεύχεα δ' Ἕκτωρ as well as my own life. I have lost him, and Hektor, who killed him, δῃώσας ἀπέδυσε πελώρια θαῦμα ἰδέσθαι has stripped away that gigantic armour, a wonder to look on καλά: τὰ μὲν Πηλῆϊ θεοὶ δόσαν ἀγλαὰ δῶρα and splendid, which the gods gave Peleus, a glorious present,

18.137

Thetis to Achilles: at dawn I will bring armor from Hephaestus.

ἠῶθεν γὰρ νεῦμαι ἄμ' ἠελίῳ ἀνιόντι For I am coming to you at dawn and as the sun rises τεὑχεα καλὰ φέρουσα παρ' Ἡφαίστοιο ἄνακτος. bringing splendid armour to you from the lord Hephaistos.'

18.466

Hephaestus promising armor to Thetis for Achilles.

αἲ γάρ μιν θανάτοιο δυσηχέος ὧδε δυναίμην And I wish that I could hide him away from death and its sorrow νόσφιν ἀποκρύψαι, ὅτε μιν μόρος αἰνὸς ἰκάνοι, at that time when his hard fate comes upon him, as surely ὧς οἱ τεύχεα καλὰ παρέσσεται, οἷά τις αὖτε as there shall be fine armour for him, such as another ἀνθρώπων πολέων θαυμάσσεται, ὅς κεν ἴδηται.

man out of many men shall wonder at, when he looks on it.'

19.11

Thetis to Achilles: receive the armor from Hephaestus.

τύνη δ' Ἡφαίστοιο πάρα κλυτὰ τεύχεα δέξο Accept rather from me the glorious arms of Hephaistos, καλὰ μάλ', οἶ' οὔ πώ τις ἀνὴρ ὤμοισι φόρησεν. so splendid, and such as no man has ever worn on his shoulders.'

Now here begins the confluence of beauties: solid and fluid in τεύχεα καλὰ and καλὰ ῥέεθρα in rivers flooded with armor and blood.

streams: καλὰ ῥέεθρα

21.238

Achilles' rampage: Achilles in the river Scamander, which sweeps away Achilles' victims and saves the living.

ἢ, καὶ Ἀχιλλεὺς μὲν δουρικλυτὸς ἔνθορε μέσσῳ
He spoke: and spear-famed Achilleus leapt into the middle water κρημνοῦ ἀπαϊξας: ὁ δ' ἐπέσσυτο οἴδματι θύων, with a spring from the bluff, but the river in a boiling surge was upon him πάντα δ' ὄρινε ῥέεθρα κυκώμενος, ὧσε δὲ νεκροὺς and rose making turbulent all his waters, and pushed off πολλούς, οἵ ῥα κατ' αὐτὸν ἄλις ἔσαν, οὕς κτάν' Ἀχιλλεύς the many dead men whom Achilleus had killed piled in abundance τοὺς ἔκβαλλε θύραζε μεμυκὼς ἡῦτε ταῦρος in the stream; these, bellowing like a bull, he shoved out χέρσον δέ: ζωοὺς δὲ σάω κατὰ καλὰ ῥέεθρα on the dry land, but saved the living in the sweet waters κρύπτων ἐν δίνησι βαθείησιν μεγάλησι. hiding them under the huge depths of the whirling current.

21.244

Achilles battles the river Scamander, grasps an elm tree, pulls it out by its roots, and damms the streams.

δεινὸν δ' ἀμφ' Ἁχιλῆα κυκώμενον ἵστατο κῦμα, And about Achilleus in his confusion a dangerous wave rose ὤθει δ' ἐν σάκεϊ πίπτων ῥόος: οὐδὲ πόδεσσιν up, and beat against his shield and pushed it. He could not εἶχε στηρίξασθαι: ὂ δὲ πτελέην ἕλε χερσὶν brace himself with his feet, but caught with his hands at an elm tree εὐφυέα μεγάλην: ἢ δ' ἐκ ῥιζῶν ἐριποῦσα tall and strong grown, but this uptorn by the roots and tumbling κρημνὸν ἄπαντα διῶσεν, ἐπέσχε δὲ καλὰ ῥέεθρα ripped away the whole cliff and with its dense tangle of roots stopped ὄζοισιν πυκινοῖσι, γεφύρωσεν δέ μιν αὐτὸν

the run of the lovely current and fallen full length in the water  $\epsilon i \sigma \omega \ \pi \hat{\alpha} \sigma' \ \dot{\epsilon} \rho i \pi o \hat{\omega} \sigma'$ : dammed the very stream.

21.301

Poseidon and Athena, like to mortal men, reassure Achilles and order him to pen the Trojans within the city and to return to his ships after killing Hector. Achilles, greatly roused, goes to the plain, and it was full of water flowing out and many beautiful weapons of young men slain in battle were floating and corpses.

αὐτὰρ ὂ βῆ, μέγα γάρ ῥα θεῶν ὅτρυνεν ἐφετμή, but Achilleus went on, and the urgency of the gods strongly stirred him, ἐς πεδίον: τὸ δὲ πᾶν πλῆθ' ὕδατος ἐκχυμένοιο, into the plain. But the river filled with an outrush of water πολλὰ δὲ τεύχεα καλὰ δαἰκταμένων αἰζηῶν and masses of splendid armour from the young men who had perished πλῶον καὶ νέκυες: floated there, and their bodies,

21.316

The river Scamander, angry at Achilles' flooding it with blood, to his brother river Simois: raise a wave against Achilles, for these will not suffice, neither his strength nor his form nor the beautiful armor that somewhere deep under water will lie veiled under slime.

φημὶ γὰρ οὔτε βίην χραισμησέμεν οὔτέ τι εἶδος
For I say that his strength will not be enough for him nor his beauty
οὔτε τὰ τεύχεα καλά, τὰ που μάλα νειόθι λίμνης
nor his arms in their splendour, which somewhere deep down under the waters
κείσεθ' ὑπ' ἰλύος κεκαλυμμένα:
shall lie folded under the mud;

#### CLUSTER

Achilles and Hephaestus against the Scamander river.

Achilles and Hephaestus' slaughter - the blood that flows from the working of his armor vs. the Scamander river - its normal flow of non-red water. Hera orders Hephaestus to burn the dead Trojans and trees beside the river. Now the plantings beside the now red water burn red themselves.

ὂ δ' ἐς ποταμὸν τρέψε φλόγα παμφανόωσαν. Then he turned his flame in its shining

καίοντο πτελέαι τε καὶ ἰτέαι ἠδὲ μυρῖκαι,

into the river. The elms burned, the willows and tamarisks,

καίετο δὲ λωτός τε ἰδὲ θρύον ἠδὲ κύπειρον,

the clover burned and the rushes and the galingale, all those

τὰ περὶ καλὰ ῥέεθρα ἄλις ποταμοῖο πεφύκει:

21.352

plants that grew in abundance by the lovely stream of the river.

τείροντ' ἐγχέλυές τε καὶ ἰχθύες οἳ κατὰ δίνας,

The eels were suffering and the fish in the whirl of the water

οἳ κατὰ καλὰ ῥέεθρα κυβίστων ἔνθα καὶ ἔνθα

21.354

who leaped out along the lovely waters in every direction

πνοιῆ τειρόμενοι πολυμήτιος Ἡφαίστοιο.

in affliction under the hot blast of resourceful Hephaistos.

καίετο δ' ιζ ποταμοῖο ἔπος τ' ἔφατ' ἔκ τ' ὀνόμαζεν:

The strength of the river was burning away; he gave voice and called out

"Ηφαιστ', οὔ τις σοί γε θεῶν δύνατ' ἀντιφερίζειν,

by name: 'Hephaistos, not one of the gods could stand up against you.

οὐδ' ἂν ἐγὼ σοί γ' ὧδε πυρὶ φλεγέθοντι μαχοίμην.

I for one could not fight the flame of a fire like this one.

λῆγ' ἔριδος, Τρῶας δὲ καὶ αὐτίκα δῖος Ἀχιλλεὺς

Leave your attack. Brilliant Achilleus can capture the city

ἄστεος ἐξελάσειε: τί μοι ἔριδος καὶ ἀρωγῆς;

of the Trojans, now, for me. What have I to do with this quarrel?'

φῆ πυρὶ καιόμενος, ἀνὰ δ' ἔφλυε καλὰ ῥέεθρα.

21. 361

He spoke, blazing with fire, and his lovely waters were seething.

ώς δὲ λέβης ζεῖ ἔνδον ἐπειγόμενος πυρὶ πολλῷ

And as a cauldron that is propped over a great fire boils up

κνίσην μελδόμενος ἀπαλοτρεφέος σιάλοιο dancing on its whole circle with dry sticks burning beneath it πάντοθεν ἀμβολάδην, ὑπὸ δὲ ξύλα κάγκανα κεῖται,

as it melts down the fat of swine made tender, so Xanthos'

ως τοῦ καλὰ ῥέεθρα πυρὶ φλέγετο, ζέε δ' ὕδωρ:

21.365

lovely streams were burned with the fire, and the water was boiling

And at Hera's order, Hephaestus queches his fire, leaving the river's waters to flow again.

21.382

ως ἔφαθ', Ἡφαιστος δὲ κατέσβεσε θεσπιδαὲς πῦρ,

So she spoke, and Hephaistos quenched his inhuman fire. Now

ἄψορρον δ' ἄρα κῦμα κατέσσυτο καλὰ ῥέεθρα.

the lovely waters ran their ripples back in the channel.

Now we reach the scene of Hector's killing, which is preceded by the oppnents reaching the most vulnerable of beauty's conditions. Here remember everything about Homeric beauty.

**ACHILLES VS. HECTOR** 

καλοὶ / καλαί

washing tanks: πλυνοὶ 1

Trojan daughters: θύγατρες 1

22.154 and 155

Achilles chasing Hector: they reach the two springs of Scamander. Compare: washing tanks used by Nausicaa.

ἔνθα δ' ἐπ' αὐτάων πλυνοὶ εὐρέες ἐγγὺς ἔασι in this place, and close to them, are the washing-hollows καλοὶ λαϊνεοι, ὅθι εἵματα σιγαλόεντα of stone, and magnificent, where the wives of the Trojans and their lovely πλύνεσκον Τρώων ἄλοχοι καλαί τε θύγατρες daughters washed the clothes to shining, in the old days τὸ πρὶν ἐπ' εἰρήνης πρὶν ἐλθεῖν υἶας Ἁχαιῶν. when there was peace, before the coming of the sons of the Achaians.

22.323

Achilles surveying the vulverability of Hector's body.

εἰσορόων χρόα καλόν, ὅπῃ εἴξειε μάλιστα. He was eyeing Hektor's splendid body, to see where it might best τοῦ δὲ καὶ ἄλλο τόσον μὲν ἔχε χρόα χάλκεα τεύχεα give way, but all the rest of the skin was held in the armour, καλά, τὰ Πατρόκλοιο βίην ἐνάριξε κατακτάς: brazen and splendid, he stripped when he cut down the strength of Patroklos;

With love to you and thanks, Greg, εἰσαεί,

Ann

### IV. APPENDIX

#### TEXTS FOR THE TABLE OF CONTENTS OF THE THEMES OF HOMERIC BEAUTY

#### WORKS OF ART AND CRAFT

SPACE

ARCHITECTURE

**FURNITURE** 

METAL

WOOD METAL + WOOD

WEAVING

POETRY AND SONG

**HUMAN BODY** 

**EPITHETS** 

**FORM** 

SKIN + WOUNDING

**FACE** 

ANKLES + WOUNDING

**EYES** 

**BEAUTY + EROS** 

NATURE

CONDUCT

# ACHILLES' $\ensuremath{\mathit{ARISTEIA}}$ AND THE RESORATION OF $\ensuremath{\mathit{XENIA}}$ WITH PRIAM

**ARMING** 

ARMING AND "ARMING" OF HERA

ARMING

"ARMING"

ARMOR VICTIM to VICTOR

ARMOR PATROCLUS TO HECTOR

ARMOR ACHILLES + THETIS I

ARMOR THETIS + HEPHAESTUS

SHIELD + HELMET OF ACHILLES

ACHILLES' ARISTEIA

ARMOR ACHILLES + THETIS II

ACHILLES ARMING

**ACHILLES VICTOR** 

SAPLING SIMILE

ACHILLES VS. LYCAON

ACHILLES VS. RIVERS

PRIAM ON "BEAUTIFUL DEATH"

ACHILLES VS. HECTOR

ACHILLES and PRIAM

RESTORATION OF XENIA

#### WORKS OF ART AND CRAFT

**SPACE** 

καλὸν
cut of land: τέμενος 3
καλὴν
city name: Αἴπειαν 2
καλὰ
agricultural ἔργα 1

καλὸν

cut of land: τέμενος 3

6.195

A tract of orchard and plough-land, given by Lycians to Bellerophon as a sign of his status within the economy of the heroic code. Criteria of beauty: fertility: φυταλιῆς καὶ ἀρούρης. Compare the beauty of Bellerophon himself.

καὶ μέν οἱ Λύκιοι τέμενος τάμον ἔξοχον ἄλλων the men of Lykia cut out a piece of land, surpassing καλὸν φυταλιῆς καὶ ἀρούρης, ὄφρα νέμοιτο. all others, fine ploughland and orchard for him to administer.

12.314

Sarpedon to Glaucon on the economy of the heroic code. Criteria of beauty: fertility: φυταλιῆς καὶ ἀρούρης.

Γλαῦκε τί ἢ δὴ νῶϊ τετιμήμεσθα μάλιστα 'Glaukos, why is it you and I are honoured before others έδρη τε κρέασίν τε ἰδὲ πλείοις δεπάεσσιν with pride of place, the choice meats and the filled wine cups έν Λυκίη, πάντες δὲ θεοὺς ὣς εἰσορόωσι, in Lykia, and all men look on us as if we were immortals, καὶ τέμενος νεμόμεσθα μέγα Ξάνθοιο παρ' ὄχθας and we are appointed a great piece of land by the banks of Xanthos, καλὸν φυταλιῆς καὶ ἀρούρης πυροφόροιο; good land, orchard and vineyard, and ploughland for the planting of wheat? τὼ νῦν χρὴ Λυκίοισι μέτα πρώτοισιν ἐόντας Therefore it is our duty in the forefront of the Lykians έστάμεν ήδὲ μάχης καυστείρης ἀντιβολῆσαι, to take our stand, and bear our part of the blazing of battle, ὄφρά τις ὧδ' εἴπη Λυκίων πύκα θωρηκτάων: so that a man of the close-armoured Lykians may say of us: οὐ μὰν ἀκλεέες Λυκίην κάτα κοιρανέουσιν "Indeed, these are no ignoble men who are lords of Lykia, ἡμέτεροι βασιλήες, ἔδουσί τε πίονα μήλα these kings of ours, who feed upon the fat sheep appointed οἶνόν τ' ἔξαιτον μελιηδέα: ἀλλ' ἄρα καὶ ἲς and drink the exquisite sweet wine, since indeed there is strength έσθλή, ἐπεὶ Λυκίοισι μέτα πρώτοισι μάχονται. of valour in them, since they fight in the forefront of the Lykians." ὦ πέπον εἰ μὲν γὰρ πόλεμον περὶ τόνδε φυγόντε Man, supposing you and I, escaping this battle, αἰεὶ δὴ μέλλοιμεν ἀγήρω τ' ἀθανάτω τε

would be able to live on forever, ageless, immortal,

ἔσσεσθ', οὔτέ κεν αὐτὸς ἐνὶ πρώτοισι μαχοίμην so neither would I myself go on fighting in the foremost οὔτέ κε σὲ στέλλοιμι μάχην ἐς κυδιάνειραν: nor would I urge you into the fighting where men win glory. νῦν δ' ἔμπης γὰρ κῆρες ἐφεστᾶσιν θανάτοιο But now, seeing that the spirits of death stand close about us μυρίαι, ἃς οὐκ ἔστι φυγεῖν βροτὸν οὐδ' ὑπαλύξαι, in their thousands, no man can turn aside nor escape them, ἴομεν ἠέ τῳ εὖχος ὀρέξομεν ἠέ τις ἡμῖν. let us go on and win glory for ourselves, or yield it to others.'

20.185

Achilles to Aeneas: even if you kill me, Priam won't give you his kingdom, or have the Trojans promised you a piece of land, if you kill me. Criteria of beauty: fertility: φυταλιῆς καὶ ἀρούρης.

η νύ τί τοι Τρῶες τέμενος τάμον ἔξοχον ἄλλων Or have the men of Troy promised you a piece of land, surpassing καλὸν φυταλιῆς καὶ ἀρούρης, ὄφρα νέμηαι all others, fine ploughland and orchard for you to administer αἴ κεν ἐμὲ κτείνῃς; χαλεπῶς δέ σ' ἔολπα τὸ ῥέξειν. if you kill me? But I think that killing will not be easy.

καλὴν

city name: Αἴπειαν 2

9.152

Among a list of cities offered by Agamemnon to Achilles.

έπτὰ δέ οἱ δώσω εὖ ναιόμενα πτολίεθρα I will grant to him seven citadels, strongly settled: Καρδαμύλην Ἐνόπην τε καὶ Ἱρὴν ποιήεσσαν Kardamyle, and Enope, and Hire of the grasses, Φηράς τε ζαθέας ἠδ' Ἄνθειαν βαθύλειμον Pherai the sacrosanct, and Antheia deep in the meadows, καλήν τ' Αἴπειαν καὶ Πήδασον ἀμπελόεσσαν. with Aipeia the lovely and Pedasos of the vineyards.

9.294

έπτὰ δέ τοι δώσει εὖ ναιόμενα πτολίεθρα
He will grant you seven citadels, strongly settled:
Καρδαμύλην Ἐνόπην τε καὶ Ἱρὴν ποιήεσσαν
Κardamyle and Enope and Hire of the grasses,
Φηράς τε ζαθέας ἠδ' Ἄνθειαν βαθύλειμον
Pherai the sacrosanct, and Antheia deep in the meadows,
καλήν τ' Αἴπειαν καὶ Πήδασον ἀμπελόεσσαν.
with Aipeia the lovely, and Pedasos of the vineyards.

agricultural works: ἔργα 1

5.92

Diomedes fighting - not clear whether with the Trojans or the Achaeans.

ως οι μεν πονέοντο κατά κρατερήν ύσμίνην: So they went at their work all about the strong encounter; Τυδείδην δ' οὐκ ἂν γνοίης ποτέροισι μετείη but you could not have told on which side Tydeus' son was fighting, ηὲ μετὰ Τρώεσσιν ὁμιλέοι ή μετ' Άχαιοῖς. whether he were one with the Trojans or with the Achaians, θῦνε γὰρ ἄμ πεδίον ποταμῷ πλήθοντι ἐοικὼς since he went storming up the plain like a winter-swollen χειμάρρω, ὅς τ' ὧκα ῥέων ἐκέδασσε γεφύρας: river in spate that scatters the dikes in its running current, τὸν δ' οὔτ' ἄρ τε γέφυραι ἐεργμέναι ἰσχανόωσιν, one that the strong-compacted dikes can contain no longer, οὔτ' ἄρα ἕρκεα ἴσχει ἀλωάων ἐριθηλέων neither the mounded banks of the blossoming vineyards hold it έλθόντ' έξαπίνης ὅτ' ἐπιβρίση Διὸς ὄμβρος: rising suddenly as Zeus' rain makes heavy the water πολλά δ' ὑπ' αὐτοῦ ἔργα κατήριπε κάλ' αἰζηῶν: and many lovely works of the young men crumble beneath it. ως ὑπὸ Τυδείδη πυκιναὶ κλονέοντο φάλαγγες Like these the massed battalions of the Trojans were scattered Τρώων, οὐδ' ἄρα μιν μίμνον πολέες περ ἐόντες. by Tydeus' son, and many as they were could not stand against him.

**ARCHITECTURE** 

καλόν wall of Troy: τεῖχος 1 καλά house: δώματα 2 καλῆς stern of ship: πρυμνῆς 1

καλὸν

wall of Troy: τεῖχος 1

21.446

Poseidon (following his saying that it is not καλόν to begin speaking) recalling to Apolllo how he built the wall of Troy to make the city unbreakable, but Laomedon cheated them of their hire, thus provoking the gods' effort to destroy the Trojans.

ἤτοι ἐγὼ Τρώεσσι πόλιν πέρι τεῖχος ἔδειμα Then I built a wall for the Trojans about their city, εὐρύ τε καὶ μάλα καλόν, ἵν' ἄρρηκτος πόλις εἴη: wide, and very splendid, so none could break into their city,

#### καλὰ

house: δώματα 2

6.314

Following the prayer by the Trojan women to Athena, Hector goes to the house of Paris: made by the best τέκτονες and contains θάλαμον καὶ δῶμα καὶ αὐλὴν. Note: the criterion of the beautiful: superlative craftsmanship, variety of programmatic spaces, plan placement and overall plan configuration. Compare the usage of οὐ μὲν καλὰ in the section devoted to CONDUCT (6.326.

ῶς ἔφατ' εὐχομένη, ἀνένευε δὲ Παλλὰς Ἀθήνη. She spoke in prayer, but Pallas Athene turned her head from her. ὡς αι μέν ῥ' εὕχοντο Διὸς κούρῃ μεγάλοιο, So they made their prayer to the daughter of Zeus the powerful. Ἐκτωρ δὲ πρὸς δώματ' Ἀλεξάνδροιο βεβήκει But Hektor went away to the house of Alexandros, καλά, τά ῥ' αὐτὸς ἔτευξε σὺν ἀνδράσιν οι τότ' ἄριστοι a splendid place he had built himself, with the men who at that time ἦσαν ἐνὶ Τροίῃ ἐριβώλακι τέκτονες ἄνδρες, were the best men for craftsmanship in the generous Troad, οι οἱ ἐποίησαν θάλαμον καὶ δῶμα καὶ αὐλὴν who had made him a sleeping room and a hall and a courtyard ἐγγύθι τε Πριάμοιο καὶ Ἑκτορος ἐν πόλει ἄκρῃ. near the houses of Hektor and Priam, on the peak of the citadel.

11.77 2

As Trojans fight the Greeks, Eris alone looks on, rejoicing, while other god are far away in Olympus. Note: the criterion of the beautiful: the phenomenon of skillful building: τέτυκτο.

οἳ δ' ἄλλοι οὕ σφιν πάρεσαν θεοί, ἀλλὰ ἔκηλοι but the other immortals were not there, but sat quietly σφοῖσιν ἐνὶ μεγάροισι καθήατο, ἦχι ἑκάστῳ remote and apart in their palaces, where for each one of them δώματα καλὰ τέτυκτο κατὰ πτύχας Οὐλύμποιο a house had been built in splendour along the folds of Olympos.

καλῆς

stern of ship:  $\pi \rho u \mu v \hat{\eta} \varsigma$  1

15.704

Hector grabs the prow of the ship that brought Protesilaus to Troy. Note: the criterion of the beautiful: the efficaciousness of the execution: the ship is so constructed that it is ἀκυάλου.

Έκτωρ δὲ πρυμνῆς νεὸς ἥψατο ποντοπόροιο Hektor caught hold of the stern of a grand, fast-running, καλῆς ὠκυάλου, ἣ Πρωτεσίλαον ἔνεικεν seafaring ship, that once had carried Protesilaos ἐς Τροίην, οὐδ' αὖτις ἀπήγαγε πατρίδα γαῖαν. to Troy, and did not take him back to the land of his fathers.

**FURNITURE** 

**METAL** 

καλὸν

cauldron: λέβητα 1 cup: δέπας 1 κάλλει

krater: κρητῆρα 1

WOOD

καλῆς

chest: χηλοῦ 1

METAL + WOOD

καλὴν + περικαλλέ

table: τράπεζαν 1 cup: δέπας 1 καλῆ

καλίΙ

Achilles' lyre: φόρμιγγι 1

καλα

xenia gifts: ξεινήϊα 1 possessions: κειμήλια 1

**METAL** 

καλὸν

cauldron: λέβητα 1

23.267

A prize in the funeral games for Patroclus. Criteria of beauty: features of craft: ἄπυρον and λευκὸν ἔτ' αὔτως.

αὐτὰρ τῷ τριτάτῳ ἄπυρον κατέθηκε λέβητα
Then for the third prize he set forth a splendid unfired καλὸν τέσσαρα μέτρα κεχανδότα λευκὸν ἔτ' αὔτως: cauldron, which held four measures, with its natural gloss still upon it.

*cup:* δέπας 1

24.101

Hera to Thetis, brought to Olympus to ask her to persuade Achilles to give up dragging Hector. Criteria of beauty: material: metal: gold. An instrument of correct *xenia*.

Ἡρη δὲ χρύσεον καλὸν δέπας ἐν χερὶ θῆκε Hera put into her hand a beautiful golden goblet καί ῥ' εὔφρην' ἐπέεσσι: Θέτις δ' ὤρεξε πιοῦσα. and spoke to her to comfort her, and Thetis accepting drank from it.

κάλλει

krater: κρητήρα 1

23.741

A prize of wrought-silver krater set up by Achilles as a prise. Criteria of beauty: material: metal: silver: ἀργύρεον ... τετυγμένον and the superlative skill of its fabricators, εὖ ἤσκησαν, workers of much intricacy, πολυδαίδαλοι.

Πηλέϊδης δ' αἷψ' ἄλλα τίθει ταχυτῆτος ἄεθλα At once the son of Peleus set out prizes for the foot-race: ἀργύρεον κρητῆρα τετυγμένον: ἔξ δ' ἄρα μέτρα a mixing-bowl of silver, a work of art, which held only χάνδανεν, αὐτὰρ κάλλει ἐνίκα πᾶσαν ἐπ' αἶαν six measures, but for its loveliness it surpassed all others πολλόν, ἐπεὶ Σιδόνες πολυδαίδαλοι εὖ ἤσκησαν, on earth by far, since skilled Sidonian craftsmen had wrought it Φοίνικες δ' ἄγον ἄνδρες ἐπ' ἠεροειδέα πόντον,

well, and Phoenicians carried it over the misty face of the water στῆσαν δ' ἐν λιμένεσσι, Θόαντι δὲ δῶρον ἔδωκαν: and set it in the harbour, and gave it for a present to Thoas.

WOOD

καλῆς

chest: χηλοῦ

16.220

Containing the cup sent by Thetis with Achilles. Criteria of beauty: intricacy: δαιδαλέης.

αὐτὰρ ἄχιλλεὺς But meanwhile Achilleus

βῆ ῥ' ἴμεν ἐς κλισίην, χηλοῦ δ' ἀπὸ πῶμ' ἀνέωγε went off into his shelter, and lifted the lid from a lovely καλῆς δαιδαλέης, τήν οἱ Θέτις ἀργυρόπεζα elaborately wrought chest, which Thetis the silver-footed θῆκ' ἐπὶ νηὸς ἄγεσθαι ἐῦ πλήσασα χιτώνων had put in his ship to carry, and filled it fairly with tunics χλαινάων τ' ἀνεμοσκεπέων οὔλων τε ταπήτων. and mantles to hold the wind from a man, and with fleecy blankets.

METAL + WOOD

καλὴν + περικαλλές

table: τράπεζαν 1 cup: δέπας 1 11.628 and 632

Nestor's Cup. Criteria of beauty: instrument of correct *xenia*; features of material, craft, design, and scale: of the table: κυανόπεζαν  $\dot{\epsilon}$ υξοον, χάλκειον κάνεον, of the cup: χρυσείοις ἥλοισι πεπαρμένον, οὕατα δ' αὐτοῦ ... τέσσαρ' ἔσαν, δύω δ' ὑπὸ πυθμένες, ἄλλος μὲν μογέων ἀποκινήσασκε; and mimetic likeness to the point of "animation" - "doves were feeding" (νεμέθοντο imperfect),

ή σφωϊν πρώτον μὲν ἐπιπροίηλε τράπεζαν First she pushed up the table in front of them, a lovely καλήν κυανόπεζαν ἐΰξοον, αὐτὰρ ἐπ' αὐτῆς table, polished and with feet of cobalt, and on it χάλκειον κάνεον, ἐπὶ δὲ κρόμυον ποτῷ ὄψον, she laid a bronze basket, with onion to go with the drinking, ήδὲ μέλι χλωρόν, παρὰ δ' ἀλφίτου ἱεροῦ ἀκτήν, and pale honey, and beside it bread, blessed pride of the barley, πὰρ δὲ δέπας περικαλλές, ὃ οἴκοθεν ἦγ' ὁ γεραιός, and beside it a beautifully wrought cup which the old man brought with him χρυσείοις ἥλοισι πεπαρμένον: οὔατα δ' αὐτοῦ from home. It was set with golden nails, the eared handles upon it τέσσαρ' ἔσαν, δοιαὶ δὲ πελειάδες ἀμφὶς ἕκαστον were four, and on either side there were fashioned two doves χρύσειαι νεμέθοντο, δύω δ' ὑπὸ πυθμένες ἦσαν. of gold, feeding, and there were double bases beneath it. άλλος μὲν μογέων ἀποκινήσασκε τραπέζης Another man with great effort could lift it full from the table, πλεῖον ἐόν, Νέστωρ δ' ὁ γέρων ἀμογητὶ ἄειρεν.

καλῆ

Achilles' lyre: φόρμιγγι 1

9.185 1

Criteria of beauty: material: silver and intricacy: δαιδαλέη.

Μυρμιδόνων δ' ἐπί τε κλισίας καὶ νῆας ἰκέσθην, Now they came beside the shelters and ships of the Myrmidons τὸν δ' εὖρον φρένα τερπόμενον φόρμιγγι λιγείη and they found Achilleus delighting his heart in a lyre, clear-sounding, καλῆ δαιδαλέῃ, ἐπὶ δ' ἀργύρεον ζυγὸν ἦεν, splendid and carefully wrought, with a bridge of silver upon it, τὴν ἄρετ' ἐξ ἐνάρων πόλιν Ἡετίωνος ὀλέσσας: which he won out of the spoils when he ruined Eëtion's city. τῆ ὅ γε θυμὸν ἔτερπεν, ἄειδε δ' ἄρα κλέα ἀνδρῶν. With this he was pleasuring his heart, and singing of men's fame,

καλά

xenia gifts: ξεινήϊα 1

6.218

Diomedes to Glaucon: of gifts exchanged between Oeneus and Bellerophon. Criteria of beauty: positive *xenia*, material: gold and design: ἀμφικύπελλον.

Οἰνεὺς γάρ ποτε δῖος ἀμύμονα Βελλεροφόντην Brilliant Oineus once was host to Bellerophontes ξείνισ' ἐνὶ μεγάροισιν ἐείκοσιν ἤματ' ἐρύξας: the blameless, in his halls, and twenty days he detained him, οῖ δὲ καὶ ἀλλήλοισι πόρον ξεινήῖα καλά: and these two gave to each other fine gifts in token of friendship. Οἰνεὺς μὲν ζωστῆρα δίδου φοίνικι φαεινόν, Oineus gave his guest a war belt bright with the red dye, Βελλεροφόντης δὲ χρύσεον δέπας ἀμφικύπελλον Bellerophontes a golden and double-handled drinking-cup,

possessions: κειμήλια 1

18.290

Hector refusing Polydamas' advice to go inside the city, now bereft of its former wealth. Criteria of beauty: material: metals: gold and bronze: scale: abundance: πολύχρυσον πολύχαλκον.

πρὶν μὲν γὰρ Πριάμοιο πόλιν μέροπες ἄνθρωποι There was a time when mortal men would speak of the city πάντες μυθέσκοντο πολύχρυσον πολύχαλκον: of Priam as a place with much gold and much bronze. But now νῦν δὲ δὴ ἐξαπόλωλε δόμων κειμήλια καλά, the lovely treasures that lay away in our houses have vanished, πολλὰ δὲ δὴ Φρυγίην καὶ Μῃονίην ἐρατεινὴν and many possessions have been sold and gone into Phrygia κτήματα περνάμεν' ἵκει, ἐπεὶ μέγας ἀδύσατο Ζεύς. and into Maionia the lovely, when great Zeus was angry.

**WEAVING** 

καλά wool: εἴρια 1 καλοῖς

baskets: κανέοισιν 1

καλά

wool: εἴρια 1

3.388

Aphrodite appears to Helen, like to an old woman wool-comber.

χειρὶ δὲ νεκταρέου ἑανοῦ ἐτίναξε λαβοῦσα,
She laid her hand upon the robe immortal, and shook it,
γρηὶ δὲ μιν ἐϊκυῖα παλαιγενέϊ προσέειπεν
and spoke to her, likening herself to an aged woman,
εἰροκόμῳ, ἤ οἱ Λακεδαίμονι ναιετοώσῃ
a wool-dresser who when she was living in Lakedaimon
ἤσκειν εἴρια καλά, μάλιστα δὲ μιν φιλέεσκε:
made beautiful things out of wool, and loved her beyond all others.

καλοῖς

baskets: κανέοισιν 1

9.217

Patroclus distributes bread for the guests. Criteria of beauty: positive xenia of Achilles.

αὐτὰρ ἐπεί ῥ' ὤπτησε καὶ εἰν ἐλεοῖσιν ἔχευε,
Then when he had roasted all, and spread the food on the platters,
Πάτροκλος μὲν σῖτον ἑλὼν ἐπένειμε τραπέζη
Patroklos took the bread and set it out on a table
καλοῖς ἐν κανέοισιν, ἀτὰρ κρέα νεῖμεν Ἁχιλλεύς.
in fair baskets, while Achilleus served the meats.

POETRY AND SONG

καλὸν

paean to Apollo: παιήονα 1 καλῆ + περικαλλέος voice: ἀπὶ 1 φόρμιγγος: 1

καλὸν

paean to Apollo: παιήονα 1

1.473

The Achaians attempt to appease Apollo by singing the beautiful paean. Criteria of beauty: the song produces *terpsis* in the heart of the god.

οἳ δὲ πανημέριοι μολπῇ θεὸν ἱλάσκοντο
All day long they propitiated the god with singing,
καλὸν ἀείδοντες παιήονα κοῦροι Ἀχαιῶν
chanting a splendid hymn to Apollo, these young Achaians,
μέλποντες ἑκάεργον: ὂ δὲ φρένα τέρπετ' ἀκούων.
singing to the one who works from afar, who listened in gladness.

καλῆ

νοίce: ὁπὶ 1 περικαλλέος lyre: φόρμιγγος 1 1.603 and 604

At the banquet of the gods: the voice of the Muses and the lyre of Apollo.

ῶς τότε μὲν πρόπαν ἦμαρ ἐς ἠέλιον καταδύντα
Thus thereafter the whole day long until the sun went under δαίνυντ', οὐδέ τι θυμὸς ἐδεύετο δαιτὸς ἔίσης, they feasted, nor was anyone's hunger denied a fair portion, οὐ μὲν φόρμιγγος περικαλλέος ἢν ἔχ' Ἀπόλλων, nor denied the beautifully wrought lyre in the hands of Apollo Μουσάων θ' αἳ ἄειδον ἀμειβόμεναι ἀπὶ καλῆ. nor the antiphonal sweet sound of the Muses singing.

## **HUMAN BODY**

**EPITHETS** 

καλὸν

Agamemnon 1

καλή

Καστιάνειρα, ῥοδοδάκτυλος Ἡώς. Πολυδώρη, Πολυμήλη, Κλεοπάτρῃ 5

κάλλιστον / κάλλιστος

Nireus, Ganymede 2

κάλλιστα

women offered by Agamemnon to Achilles 2

FORM

καλὸν

form: εἶδος of Paris 1

καλὰ

SKIN + WOUNDING

skin: χρόα 4 FACE

face: πρόσωπα 1

ankles: σφυρά 1

κάλ'

ANKLES + WOUNDING

EYES

eyes: ὄμματα 1
BEAUTY + EROS

κάλλος / κάλλει / κάλλεος

Paris, Bellerophon, women of Lesbos, daughter of Agamemnon, Hippodameia, Ganymede  $\,\,7\,\,$ 

**EPITHETS** 

καλὸν

epithet: Agamemnon 1

3.169

Teichoscopia: Priam to Helen, asking about Agamemnon. Criteria of beauty: mimetic likeness: βασιλῆϊ γὰρ ἀνδρὶ ἔοικε.

ἥτοι μὲν κεφαλῇ καὶ μείζονες ἄλλοι ἔασι, Though in truth there are others taller by a head than he is, καλὸν δ' οὕτω ἐγὼν οὕ πω ἴδον ὀφθαλμοῖσιν, yet these eyes have never yet looked on a man so splendid οὐδ' οὕτω γεραρόν: βασιλῆϊ γὰρ ἀνδρὶ ἔοικε. nor so lordly as this: such a man might well be royal.'

καλή

epithet: Καστιάνειρα 1

8.305

Divine models human / human models divine beauty.

τόν ῥ' ἐξ Αἰσύμηθεν ὀπυιομένη τέκε μήτηρ Gorgythion whose mother was lovely Kastianeira, καλὴ Καστιάνειρα δέμας ἐϊκυῖα θεῆσι. Priam's bride from Aisyme, with the form of a goddess:

epithet: ῥοδοδάκτυλος Ἡώς 1

9.707

Diomedes to Agamemnon: sleep now and at dawn attack.

αὐτὰρ ἐπεί κε φανῇ καλὴ ῥοδοδάκτυλος Ἡώς,
But when the lovely dawn shows forth with rose fingers, Atreides,
καρπαλίμως πρὸ νεῶν ἐχέμεν λαόν τε καὶ ἵππους
rapidly form before our ships both people and horses
ὀτρύνων, καὶ δ' αὐτὸς ἐνὶ πρώτοισι μάχεσθαι.
stirring them on, and yourself be ready to fight in the foremost.'

epithet: Πολυδώρη 1

16.175

Achilles arming the Myrmidons: one of the leaders, Menesthius, son of beautiful Polydora.

ὂν τέκε Πηλῆος θυγάτηρ καλὴ Πολυδώρη born of the daughter of Peleus, Polydore the lovely, Σπερχειῷ ἀκάμαντι γυνὴ θεῷ εὐνηθεῖσα, to unremitting Spercheios, when a woman lay with an immortal;

epithet: Πολυμήλη 1

16.180

Achilles arming the Myrmidons: another of the leaders, Eudorus, son of Polymele, beautiful in the dance. With xopŵ: compare the *chorus* on the shield of Achilles.

τῆς δ' ἑτέρης Εὔδωρος ἀρήϊος ἡγεμόνευε
The next battalion was led by warlike Eudoros, a maiden's παρθένιος, τὸν ἔτικτε χορῷ καλὴ Πολυμήλη child, born to one lovely in the dance, Polymele, Φύλαντος θυγάτηρ: daughter of Phylas;

epithet: Κλεοπάτρη 1

9.556

Phoenix' example of Meleager to Achilles.

άλλ' ὅτε δὴ Μελέαγρον ἔδυ χόλος, ὅς τε καὶ ἄλλων But when the anger came upon Meleagros, such anger

οἰδάνει ἐν στήθεσσι νόον πύκα περ φρονεόντων, as wells in the hearts of others also, though their minds are careful, ἤτοι ὂ μητρὶ φίλη Ἀλθαίῃ χωόμενος κῆρ he, in the wrath of his heart against his own mother, Althaia, κεῖτο παρὰ μνηστῇ ἀλόχῳ καλῇ Κλεοπάτρῃ lay apart with his wedded bride, Kleopatra the lovely,

κάλλιστον / κάλλιστος

epithet: Nireus 1

2.673

Catalogue of ships: most beautiful of those at Troy after Achilles. Note the repetition of his name at the beginning of the line.

Νιρεὺς αὖ Σύμηθεν ἄγε τρεῖς νῆας ἔισας Nireus from Syme led three balanced vessels, Νιρεὺς Ἁγλαῖης υἱὸς Χαρόποιό τ' ἄνακτος Nireus son of Aglaia and the king Charopos, Νιρεύς, ὂς κάλλιστος ἀνὴρ ὑπὸ Ἰλιον ἦλθε Nireus, the most beautiful man who came beneath Ilion τῶν ἄλλων Δαναῶν μετ' ἀμύμονα Πηλεῖωνα: beyond the rest of the Danaans next after perfect Achilleus.

epithet: Ganymede 1

20.233

Τρωὸς δ' αὖ τρεῖς παῖδες ἀμύμονες ἐξεγένοντο and to Tros in turn there were born three sons unfaulted, Ἰλός τ' Ἀσσάρακός τε καὶ ἀντίθεος Γανυμήδης, Ilos and Assarakos and godlike Ganymedes ὂς δὴ κάλλιστος γένετο θνητῶν ἀνθρώπων: who was the loveliest born of the race of mortals

κάλλισται

epithet: Trojan women 1

9.140

Trojan women offered by Agamemnon to Achilles, most beautiful after Argive Helen

εἰ δέ κεν αὖτε if hereafter

ἄστυ μέγα Πριάμοιο θεοὶ δώωσ' ἀλαπάξαι, the gods grant that we storm and sack the great city of Priam, νῆα ἄλις χρυσοῦ καὶ χαλκοῦ νηησάσθω let him go to his ship and load it deep as he pleases

εἰσελθών, ὅτε κεν δατεώμεθα ληίδ' Ἀχαιοί,

with gold and bronze, when we Achaians divide the war spoils,

Τρωϊάδας δὲ γυναῖκας ἐείκοσιν αὐτὸς ἑλέσθω,

and let him choose for himself twenty of the Trojan women

αἴ κε μετ' Ἀργείην Ἑλένην κάλλισται ἔωσιν.

who are the loveliest of all after Helen of Argos.

epithet: Trojan women 2

9.282

εἰ δέ κεν αὖτε if hereafter

ἄστυ μέγα Πριάμοιο θεοὶ δώωσ' ἀλαπάξαι, the gods grant that we storm and sack the great city of Priam, νῆα ἄλις χρυσοῦ καὶ χαλκοῦ νηήσασθαι let him go to his ship and load it deep as he pleases εἰσελθών, ὅτε κεν δατεώμεθα ληῖδ' Ἁχαιοί, with gold and bronze, when we Achaians divide the war spoils, Τρωϊάδας δὲ γυναῖκας ἐείκοσιν αὐτὸς ἑλέσθαι, and let him choose for himself twenty of the Trojan women αἵ κε μετ' Ἀργείην Ἑλένην κάλλισται ἔωσιν. who are the loveliest of all after Helen of Argos.

**FORM** 

καλὸν

form: εἶδος 1

3.44

Paris: vs. martial virtues. Hector to Paris: of Greeks' blame that the Trojans' forefighter is best because of his form, but not his force or strength.

ἢ που καγχαλόωσι κάρη κομόωντες Ἀχαιοὶ Surely now the flowing-haired Achaians laugh at us, φάντες ἀριστῆα πρόμον ἔμμεναι, οὕνεκα καλόν thinking you are our bravest champion, only because your εἶδος ἔπ', ἀλλ' οὐκ ἔστι βίη φρεσὶν οὐδέ τις ἀλκή. looks are handsome, but there is no strength in your heart, no courage.

SKIN + WOUNDING

skin: χρόα 4

5.354

Diomedes routing Aphrodite whom Iris leads from battle, suffering from pain of having been wounded by him.

τὴν μὲν ἄρ' Ἱρις ἑλοῦσα ποδήνεμος ἔξαγ' ὁμίλου and Iris wind-footed took her by the hand and led her away ἀχθομένην ὀδύνησι, μελαίνετο δὲ χρόα καλόν. from the battle, her lovely skin blood-darkened, wounded and suffering.

5.858

Diomedes vs. Ares: Athena thrusts the spear into the belly and pulls it out again.

τῆ ῥά μιν οὖτα τυχών, διὰ δὲ χρόα καλὸν ἔδαψεν, Picking this place she stabbed and driving it deep in the fair flesh ἐκ δὲ δόρυ σπάσεν αὖτις: wrenched the spear out again.

21.398

Strife of the gods, following Achilles vs. Scamander and Xanthus: Ares to Athena, recalling when she moved Diomedes to wound him.

η οὐ μέμνη ὅτε Τυδεϊδην Διομήδε' ἀνῆκας
Do you not remember how you set on Diomedes, Tydeus
οὐτάμεναι, αὐτὴ δὲ πανόψιον ἔγχος έλοῦσα
son, to spear me, and yourself laying hold of the far-seen pike
ἰθὺς ἐμεῦ ὧσας, διὰ δὲ χρόα καλὸν ἔδαψας;
pushed it straight into me and tore my skin in its beauty.

11.352

Diomedes + Odysseus vs. Hector: Diomedes hurls his spear at Hector's helmet, but bronze is driven back by bronze.

ἦ ῥα, καὶ ἀμπεπαλὼν προῖει δολιχόσκιον ἔγχος So he spoke, and balanced the spear far-shadowed, and threw it καὶ βάλεν, οὐδ' ἀφάμαρτε τιτυσκόμενος κεφαλῆφιν, aiming at the head, and struck against his mark, nor missed it, ἄκρην κὰκ κόρυθα: πλάγχθη δ' ἀπὸ χαλκόφι χαλκός, at the high peak of the helm, but the bronze from the bronze was driven οὐδ' ἵκετο χρόα καλόν: ἐρύκακε γὰρ τρυφάλεια back, nor reached his shining skin, the helmet guarded it,

καλὰ

**FACE** 

face: πρόσωπα 1

19.285

Briseis mourning Patroclus. The goddess Aphrodite as model female beauty.

Βρισηϊς δ' ἄρ' ἔπειτ' ἰκέλη χρυσέῃ Ἀφροδίτῃ And now, in the likeness of golden Aphrodite, Briseis ὡς ἴδε Πάτροκλον δεδαϊγμένον ὀξέϊ χαλκῷ, when she saw Patroklos lying torn with sharp bronze, folding ἀμφ' αὐτῷ χυμένη λίγ' ἐκώκυε, χερσὶ δ' ἄμυσσε him in her arms cried shrilly above him and with her hands tore στήθεά τ' ἠδ' ἀπαλὴν δειρὴν ἰδὲ καλὰ πρόσωπα at her breasts and her soft throat and her beautiful forehead.

κάλ

ANKLES + WOUNDING

ankles: σφυρὰ 1

4.147

Of Menelaus: blood likened to ivory dyed scarlet - bodily beauty likened to a work of art and craft.

ώς δ' ὅτε τίς τ' ἐλέφαντα γυνὴ φοίνικι μιήνῃ As when some Maionian woman or Karian with purple Μῃονὶς ἠὲ Κάειρα παρήϊον ἔμμεναι ἵππων\*: colours ivory, to make it a cheek piece for horses; κεῖται δ' ἐν θαλάμῳ, πολέες τέ μιν ἠρήσαντο it lies away in an inner room, and many a rider ἱππῆες φορέειν: βασιλῆϊ δὲ κεῖται ἄγαλμα, longs to have it, but it is laid up to be a king's treasure, ἀμφότερον κόσμός θ' ἵππῳ ἐλατῆρι\* τε κῦδος: two things, to be the beauty of the horse, the pride of the horseman:

τοῖοί τοι Μενέλαε μιάνθην αἵματι μηροὶ so, Menelaos, your shapely thighs were stained with the colour εὐφυέες κνῆμαί τε ἰδὲ σφυρὰ κάλ' ὑπένερθε. of blood, and your legs also and the ankles beneath them.

**EYES** 

eyes: ὄμματα 1

23.66

Patroclus' eyes in a dream of Achilles. After dragging Hector and refusing to wash the gore before a meal at Agamemnon's tent, A sleeps lying on beach.

ἦλθε δ' ἐπὶ ψυχὴ Πατροκλῆος δειλοῖο and there appeared to him the ghost of unhappy Patroklos, πάντ' αὐτῷ μέγεθός τε καὶ ὄμματα κάλ' ἐϊκυῖα all in his likeness for stature, and the lovely eyes, and voice, καὶ φωνήν, καὶ τοῖα περὶ χροῖ εἵματα ἔστο: and wore such clothing as Patroklos had worn on his body.

**BEAUTY + EROS** 

κάλλος / κάλλει / κάλλεος

epithet: Paris 1

3.392

Paris. Aphrodite calls Helen to where Paris waits on the inlaid bed, looking not like warrior, but one going to or just ceased from a dance.

κεῖνος ὅ γ' ἐν θαλάμῳ καὶ δινωτοῖσι λέχεσσι
He is in his chamber now, in the bed with its circled pattern,
κάλλεῖ τε στίλβων καὶ εἵμασιν: οὐδέ κε φαίης
shining in his raiment and his own beauty; you would not think
ἀνδρὶ μαχεσσάμενον τόν γ' ἐλθεῖν, ἀλλὰ χορὸν δὲ
that he came from fighting against a man; you would think he was going
ἔρχεσθ', ἠὲ χοροῖο νέον λήγοντα καθίζειν.
rather to a dance, or rested and had been dancing lately.'

epithet: Bellerophon 1

6.156

τῷ δὲ θεοὶ κάλλός τε καὶ ἠνορέην ἐρατεινὴν
Το Bellerophontes the gods granted beauty and desirable ἄπασαν: αὐτάρ οἱ Προῖτος κάκ' ἐμήσατο θυμῷ, manhood; but Proitos in anger devised evil things against him,

epithet: Women of Lesbos 1

9.130

Agamemnon offers Achilles seven Lesbian women who defeat the races of women: beauty as area of female contest.

δώσω δ' ἑπτὰ γυναῖκας ἀμύμονα ἔργα ἰδυίας I will give him seven women of Lesbos, the work of whose hands is Λεσβίδας, ας ὅτε Λέσβον ἐϋκτιμένην ἕλεν αὐτὸς blameless, whom when he himself captured strong-founded Lesbos ἐξελόμην, αι κάλλει ἐνίκων φῦλα γυναικών.

I chose, and who in their beauty surpassed the races of women.

epithet: Women of Lesbos 2

9.272

δώσει δ' ἑπτὰ γυναῖκας ἀμύμονα ἔργα ἰδυίας
He will give you seven women of Lesbos, the work of whose hands
Λεσβίδας, ἃς ὅτε Λέσβον ἐϋκτιμένην ἕλες αὐτὸς
is blameless, whom when you yourself captured strong-founded Lesbos
ἐξέλεθ', αἳ τότε κάλλει ἐνίκων φῦλα γυναικῶν.
he chose, and who in their beauty surpassed the races of women.

epithet: Agamemnon's daughter 1

9 389

Achilles refuses to marry Agamemnon's daughter: beauty as area of female contest and linked with weaving.

κούρην δ' οὐ γαμέω Άγαμέμνονος Ἀτρεῖδαο, Nor will I marry a daughter of Atreus' son, Agamemnon, οὐδ' εἰ χρυσείῃ Ἀφροδίτῃ κάλλος ἐρίζοι, not if she challenged Aphrodite the golden for loveliness, ἔργα δ' Ἀθηναίῃ γλαυκώπιδι ἰσοφαρίζοι: not if she matched the work of her hands with grey-eyed Athene;

epithet: Hippodameia 1

13.432

Hippodameia: link of erotic beauty and weaving.

τὴν περὶ κῆρι φίλησε πατὴρ καὶ πότνια μήτηρ dear to the hearts of her father and the lady her mother ἐν μεγάρῳ: πᾶσαν γὰρ ὁμηλικίην ἐκέκαστο in the great house, since she surpassed all the girls of her own age κάλλεϊ καὶ ἔργοισιν ἰδὲ φρεσί: τοὔνεκα καί μιν for beauty and accomplishments and wit; for which reason γῆμεν ἀνὴρ ὥριστος ἐνὶ Τροίῃ εὐρείῃ:

epithet: Ganymede 1

20.233 and 235

Ganymede snatched up to be cup-bearer of Zeus.

ος δὴ κάλλιστος γένετο θνητῶν ἀνθρώπων: who was the loveliest born of the race of mortals, and therefore τὸν καὶ ἀνηρείψαντο θεοὶ Διὶ οἰνοχοεύειν he gods caught him away to themselves, to be Zeus' wine-pourer, κάλλεος εἴνεκα οἶο ἴν' ἀθανάτοισι μετείη. for the sake of his beauty, so he might be among the immortals.

#### **NATURE**

καλὰ

groves: ἄλσεα κάλλιστον / κάλλιστος water: ὕδωρ καλῶ star: ἀστέρι καλῆσι

streams of water: ῥοĝσι,

plane-tree: πλατανίστω

καλὰ

groves: ἄλσεα 1

20.8

Zeus summons gods to council: all rivers come, except Ocean, and all nymphs.

οὔτέ τις οὖν ποταμῶν ἀπέην νόσφ' Ὠκεανοῖο, There was no river who was not there, except only Ocean, οὔτ' ἄρα νυμφάων αἵ τ' ἄλσεα καλὰ νέμονται there was not any one of the nymphs who live in the lovely καὶ πηγὰς ποταμῶν καὶ πίσεα ποιήεντα.<sup>7</sup>] groves, and the springs of rivers and grass of the meadows, who came not.

κάλλιστον / κάλλιστος

water: ὕδωρ 1

2.850

Catalogue of the Trojans.

αὐτὰρ Πυραίχμης ἄγε Παίονας ἀγκυλοτόξους Pyraichmes in turn led the Paionians with their curved bows, τηλόθεν έξ Άμυδωνος ἀπ' Άξιοῦ εὐρὺ ῥέοντος, from Amydon far away and the broad stream of Axios, Άξιοῦ οὖ κάλλιστον ὕδωρ ἐπικίδναται αἶαν. Axios, whose stream on all earth is the loveliest water.

καλώ

star: ἀστέρι 1 6.401

Simile of Astyanax. Criteria of beauty: belovedness: ἀγαπητὸν.

ή οἱ ἔπειτ' ἤντησ', ἄμα δ' ἀμφίπολος κίεν αὐτῆ She came to him there, and beside her went an attendant carrying παῖδ' ἐπὶ κόλπῳ ἔχουσ' ἀταλάφρονα νήπιον αὔτως the boy in the fold of her bosom, a little child, only a baby, Έκτορίδην ἀγαπητὸν ἀλίγκιον ἀστέρι καλώ, Hektor's son, the admired, beautiful as a star shining, τόν ρ' Έκτωρ καλέεσκε Σκαμάνδριον, αὐτὰρ οἱ ἄλλοι whom Hektor called Skamandrios, but all of the others Άστυάνακτ' Astyanax--lord of the city;

καλῆσι

streams of water: ὕδατος ... ῥοῆσι 1

16.229

Achilles cleaning his cup: he alone drinks from it and pours from it only to Zeus.

ἔνθα δέ οἱ δέπας ἔσκε τετυγμένον, οὐδέ τις ἄλλος Inside this lay a wrought goblet, nor did any other οὔτ' ἀνδρῶν πίνεσκεν ἀπ' αὐτοῦ αἴθοπα οἶνον, man drink the shining wine from it nor did Achilleus οὔτέ τεω σπένδεσκε θεῶν, ὅτε μὴ Διὶ πατρί. pour from it to any other god, but only Zeus father. τό ῥα τότ' ἐκ χηλοῖο λαβὼν ἐκάθηρε θεείῳ He took this now out of the chest, and cleaned it with sulphur πρώτον, ἔπειτα δ' ἔνιψ' ὕδατος καλῆσι ῥοῆσι, first, and afterwards washed it out in bright-running of water,

καλή

plane-tree: πλατανίστω 1

2.307

A portent at Aulis during the offering of hecatombs.

χθιζά τε καὶ πρωίζ' ὅτ' ἐς Αὐλίδα νῆες Ἀχαιῶν yesterday and before, at Aulis, when the ships of the Achaians ήγερέθοντο κακὰ Πριάμω καὶ Τρωσὶ φέρουσαι, were gathered bringing disaster to the Trojans and Priam, ήμεῖς δ' ἀμφὶ περὶ κρήνην ἱεροὺς κατὰ βωμοὺς and we beside a spring and upon the sacred altars **ἔρδομεν ἀθανάτοισι τεληέσσας ἑκατόμβας** were accomplishing complete hecatombs to the immortals καλή ὑπὸ πλατανίστω ὅθεν ῥέεν ἀγλαὸν ὕδωρ: under a fair plane tree whence ran the shining of water. ἔνθ' ἐφάνη μέγα σῆμα: δράκων ἐπὶ νῶτα δαφοινὸς There appeared a great sign; a snake, his back blood-mottled,

#### CONDUCT

distress whoever distresses me: κήδειν ὅς κ' ἐμὲ κήδῃ 1 negated: overweening boasting: ὑπέρβιον εὐχετάασθαι 1 listen to speaker in assembly: ἑσταότος ἀκούειν 1

negated: for one older and more knowledgable to begin speaking 1

negated: keep anger in your thumos when your people are dying 1 gods joining battle 1 gods give up war strength 1

#### καλόν

distress whoever distresses me: κήδειν ὅς κ' ἐμὲ κήδῃ 1

9.615

Achilles to Phoenix: loyalty and sharing among the philoi. Compare 608: φρονέω δὲ τετιμῆσθαι Διὸς αἴση.

μή μοι σύγχει θυμὸν ὀδυρόμενος καὶ ἀχεύων

Stop confusing my heart with lamentation and sorrow

Ατρείδη ἥρωϊ φέρων χάριν: οὐδέ τί σε χρὴ

for the favour of great Atreides. It does not become you

τὸν φιλέειν, ἵνα μή μοι ἀπέχθηαι φιλέοντι.

to love this man, for fear you turn hateful to me, who love you.

καλόν τοι σὺν ἐμοὶ τὸν κήδειν ὅς κ' ἐμὲ κήδῃ:

It should be your pride with me to hurt whoever shall hurt me.

ἶσον ἐμοὶ βασίλευε καὶ ἥμισυ μείρεο τιμῆς.

Be king equally with me; take half of my honour.

17.19

overweening boasting: ὑπέρβιον εὐχετάασθαι 1

Patroclus to Menelaus: yield, lest I rob you of life. Menelaus: overweening boasting is not beautiful.

Ζεῦ πάτερ οὐ μὲν καλὸν ὑπέρβιον εὐχετάασθαι

'Father Zeus, it is not well for the proud man to glory.

19.79

listen to speaker in assembly: ἑσταότος ἀκούειν 1

After Achilles renounces his wrath, Agamemnon advocates attentive listening.

ὦ φίλοι ἥρωες Δαναοὶ θεράποντες Ἄρηος

'Fighting men and friends, o Danaans, henchmen of Ares:

έσταότος μὲν καλὸν ἀκούειν, οὐδὲ ἔοικεν

it is well to listen to the speaker, it is not becoming

ὑββάλλειν:

to break in on him.

21.440

negated: for one older and more knowledgable to begin speaking 1

Poseidon to Apollo, directing him to speak first.

ἄρχε: σὺ γὰρ γενεῆφι νεώτερος: οὐ γὰρ ἔμοιγε

Begin, you; you are younger born than I; it is not well

καλόν, ἐπεὶ πρότερος γενόμην καὶ πλείονα οἶδα.

for me to, since I am elder born than you, and know more.

#### καλά

negated: put anger in thumos when your people are dying 1

6.326

Hector blaming Paris: in his beautiful house, built by best Trojan carpenters, busy with his exceedinly beautiful armor, while Helen orders the servant womens' glorious handiwork: not  $\kappa\alpha\lambda\dot{\alpha}$  to put this anger in your *thumos*, since people are perishing around the city.

Έκτωρ δὲ πρὸς δώματ' Ἀλεξάνδροιο βεβήκει But Hektor went away to the house of Alexandros, καλά, τά ρ' αὐτὸς ἔτευξε σὺν ἀνδράσιν οἳ τότ' ἄριστοι a splendid place he had built himself, with the men who at that time ἦσαν ἐνὶ Τροίῃ ἐριβώλακι τέκτονες ἄνδρες, were the best men for craftsmanship in the generous Troad, οἵ οἱ ἐποίησαν θάλαμον καὶ δῶμα\* καὶ αὐλὴν who had made him a sleeping room and a hall and a courtyard έγγύθι τε Πριάμοιο καὶ Έκτορος ἐν πόλει ἄκρη. near the houses of Hektor and Priam, on the peak of the citadel. ἔνθ' Έκτωρ εἰσῆλθε Δίἱ φίλος, ἐν δ' ἄρα χειρὶ There entered Hektor beloved of Zeus, in his hand holding ἔγχος ἔχ'\* ἑνδεκάπηχυ: πάροιθε\* δὲ λάμπετο δουρὸς the eleven-cubit-long spear, whose shaft was tipped with a shining αἰχμὴ χαλκείη, περὶ δὲ χρύσεος θέε πόρκης\*. bronze spearhead, and a ring of gold was hooped to hold it. τὸν δ' εὖρ' ἐν θαλάμῳ περικαλλέα τεύχε' ἔποντα\* He found the man in his chamber busy with his splendid armour, ἀσπίδα καὶ θώρηκα\*, καὶ ἀγκύλα τόξ' ἁφόωντα: the corselet and the shield, and turning in his hands the curved bow, Άργείη δ' Έλένη μετ' ἄρα δμωῆσι γυναιξὶν while Helen of Argos was sitting among her attendant women ήστο καὶ ἀμφιπόλοισι περικλυτὰ ἔργα κέλευε. directing the magnificent work done by her handmaidens. τὸν δ' Έκτωρ νείκεσσεν ἰδὼν αἰσχροῖς ἐπέεσσι: But Hektor saw him, and in words of shame he rebuked him: δαιμόνι' οὐ μὲν καλὰ χόλον τόνδ' ἔνθεο θυμῷ, 'Strange man! It is not fair to keep in your heart this coldness. λαοὶ μὲν φθινύθουσι περὶ πτόλιν αἰπύ τε τεῖχος The people are dying around the city and around the steep wall μαρνάμενοι: as they fight hard;

8.400 gods joining battle

Zeus to Iris at seeing Hera and Athena arming: turn them back.

οὐ γὰρ καλὰ συνοισόμεθα πτόλεμόνδε. since we would close in fighting thus that would be unseemly.

13.116

gods give up war strength 1

Poseidon rousing the Greeks: if Agamemnon's dishonor of Achilles is the cause of the Trojans' advance, let us heal it quickly and fight, since you are the best among the Achaeans.

άλλ' εἰ δὴ καὶ πάμπαν ἐτήτυμον αἴτιός ἐστιν Yet even though it be utterly true that the son of Atreus ἥρως Ἀτρεΐδης εὐρὺ κρείων Ἁγαμέμνων the hero wide-powerful Agamemnon is guilty οὕνεκ' ἀπητίμησε ποδώκεα Πηλεΐωνα, because he did dishonour to Peleus' son, the swift-footed, ἡμέας γ' οὔ πως ἔστι μεθιέμεναι πολέμοιο. still there is no way for us now to hang back from the fighting. ἀλλ' ἀκεώμεθα\* θᾶσσον: ἀκεσταί τοι φρένες ἐσθλῶν\*\*. No, sooner let us heal it, for the hearts of great men can be healed. ὑμεῖς δ' οὐκ ἔτι καλὰ μεθίετε θούριδος ἀλκῆς But you can no longer in honour give way from your fighting valour πάντες ἄριστοι ἐόντες ἀνὰ στρατόν. being all the best men along the host.

#### ACHILLES' ARISTEIA AND THE RESORATION OF XENIA WITH PRIAM

#### **ARMING**

# καλὸν skin: χρόα 1 sword: φάσγανον 1 tunic: χιτῶνα 1 καλὰ sandals: πέδιλα 4 armor: τεύχεα 9 + ἔντεα 3 blades: φάσγανα 1 chariot: ἄρματα 1 κάλ' armor: τεύχεα 1 καλοὶ chariots: δίφροι 1 shield of Agamemnon: ἀσπίδα 1 shield of Sarpedon: ἀσπίδα 1 axe: ἀξίνην 1 καλάς greaves: κνημίδας 2 καλῆσιν battlements: ἐπάλξεσιν 1 καλλίστους horses of Resus: ἵππους 1

καλὸν

skin: χρόα 1

sword: φάσγανον 1

23.805 and 808

Achilles sets out the armor of Sarpedon as a prize for a duel and offers the Thracian sword he took as prize for first blood: metal: silver-studded, ἀργυρόηλον.

όππότερός κε φθῆσιν ὀρεξάμενος χρόα καλόν, who is first of the two to get in a stroke at the other's fair body, ψαύση δ' ἐνδίνων διά τ' ἔντεα καὶ μέλαν αἷμα, to that man I will give this magnificent silver-nailed τῷ μὲν ἐγὼ δώσω τόδε φάσγανον ἀργυρόηλον

to that man I will give this magnificent silver-nailed καλὸν Θρηϊκιον, τὸ μὲν Ἀστεροπαῖον ἀπηύρων: sword of Thrace I stripped from the body of Asteropaios.

καλὸν

tunic: χιτώνα 1

2.43

καλὰ

sandals: πέδιλα 4

2.44

Agamenenon put on his tunic. Compare the diction of the veil in the "arming of Hera." Criteria of beauty: newly-woven, νηγάτεον.

ἔγρετο δ' ἐξ ὕπνου, θείη δέ μιν ἀμφέχυτ' ὀμφή: Agamemnon awoke from sleep, the divine voice drifting ἔζετο δ' ὀρθωθείς, μαλακὸν δ' ἔνδυνε χιτῶνα around him. He sat upright and put on his tunic, καλὸν νηγάτεον, περὶ δὲ μέγα βάλλετο φᾶρος: beautiful, fresh woven, and threw the great mantle over it. ποσοὶ δ' ὑπὸ λιπαροῖσιν ἐδήσατο καλὰ πέδιλα, Underneath his shining feet he bound the fair sandals ἕζετο δ' ὀρθωθείς, μαλακὸν δ' ἔνδυνε χιτῶνα around him. He sat upright and put on his tunic, καλὸν νηγάτεον, περὶ δὲ μέγα βάλλετο φᾶρος\*: beautiful, fresh woven, and threw the great mantle over it. ποσοὶ δ' ὑπὸ λιπαροῖσιν ἐδήσατο καλὰ πέδιλα, Underneath his shining feet he bound the fair sandals

10.22

Agamemon arming.

ὀρθωθεὶς δ' ἔνδυνε περὶ στήθεσσι χιτῶνα, He stood upright, and slipped the tunic upon his body, ποσοὶ δ' ὑπὸ λιπαροῖσιν ἐδήσατο καλὰ πέδιλα, and underneath his shining feet he bound the fair sandals,

10.132

Nestor arming.

ὢς εἰπὼν ἔνδυνε περὶ στήθεσσι χιτῶνα, With this speech, he slipped the tunic upon his body ποσσὶ δ' ὑπὸ λιπαροῖσιν ἐδήσατο καλὰ πέδιλα, and underneath his shining feet he bound the fair sandals,

24.340

Hermes equipping himself, responding to Zeus' order to guide Priam. Criteria of beauty: immortality, ἀμβρόσια, gold metal, χρύσεια.

αὐτίκ' ἔπειθ' ὑπὸ ποσσὶν ἐδήσατο καλὰ πέδιλα Immediately he bound upon his feet the fair sandals ἀμβρόσια χρύσεια, τά μιν φέρον ἠμὲν ἐφ' ὑγρὴν golden and immortal, that carried him over the water ἠδ' ἐπ' ἀπείρονα γαῖαν ἄμα πνοιῆς ἀνέμοιο: as over the dry land of the main abreast of the wind's blast.

armor: τεύχεα + ἔντεα

τεύχεα 9

3.328

PUT ON ἐδύσετο τεύχεα καλὰ

Paris' armor, after the shaking of lots. Criteria of beauty: intricacy, ποικίλα.

οῖ μὲν ἔπειθ' ἴζοντο κατὰ στίχας, ἦχι ἑκάστῳ brilliant Alexandros, the lord of lovely-haired Helen. ἵπποι ἀερσίποδες καὶ ποικίλα τεύχε' ἔκειτο\*: the glittering armour of each was piled by his light-footed horses, αὐτὰρ ὅ γ' ἀμφ' ὤμοισιν ἐδύσετο τεύχεα καλὰ while one of them put about his shoulders his splendid armour, δῖος Ἀλέξανδρος Ἑλένης πόσις ἡϋκόμοιο. brilliant Alexandros, the lord of lovely-haired Helen.

5.621

not able to STRIP OFF οὐδ' ἄρ' ἔτ' ἄλλα δυνήσατο τεύχεα καλὰ ὤμοιιν ἀφελέσθαι Ajax unable to strip armor, since he is pressed by missiles.

αὐτὰρ ὂ λὰξ προσβὰς ἐκ νεκροῦ χάλκεον ἔγχος Setting his heel on the chest of the corpse he pulled out the brazen ἐσπάσατ': οὐδ' ἄρ' ἔτ' ἄλλα δυνήσατο τεύχεα καλὰ spear, yet could no longer strip the rest of the glorious ὤμοιιν ἀφελέσθαι: ἐπείγετο γὰρ βελέεσσι. armour from his shoulders, since he was battered with spears thrown,

7.103

PUT ΟΝ κατεδύσετο τεύχεα καλά.

Menelaus arming to challenge "best of the Achaians"

ως ἄρα φωνήσας κατεδύσετο τεύχεα καλά. So he spoke, and began to put on his splendid armour.

11.110

STRIP OFF ἐσύλα τεύχεα καλὰ

Agamemnon rushing to strip the armor of Isus and Antiphus which he recognizes from when Achilles brought them from Ida.

σπερχόμενος δ' ἀπὸ τοῖιν ἐσύλα τεύχεα καλὰ and in eager haste he stripped off from these their glorious armour γιγνώσκων: καὶ γάρ σφε πάρος παρὰ νηυσὶ θοῆσιν which he knew; he had seen these two before by the fast ships εἶδεν, ὅτ' ἐξ Ἰδης ἄγαγεν πόδας ἀκὺς Ἁχιλλεύς when Achilleus of the swift feet had brought them in from Ida.

11.247

after STRIP OFF carry away: βῆ δὲ φέρων ἀν' ὅμιλον Ἁχαιῶν τεύχεα καλά

Agamemnon strips armor from Iphidamas.

δὴ τότε γ' Ἀτρείδης Ἀγαμέμνων ἐξενάριξε, Now Agamemnon, son of Atreus, stripped him and went back βῆ δὲ φέρων ἀν' ὅμιλον Ἁχαιῶν τεύχεα καλά. to the throng of the Achaians bearing the splendid armour.

13.241

PUT ON δύσετο τεύχεα καλά

Idomeneus arming.

Ἰδομενεὺς δ' ὅτε δὴ κλισίην εὕτυκτον ἵκανε Idomeneus, when he came back to his strong-built shelter, δύσετο τεύχεα καλὰ περὶ χροῖ, γέντο δὲ δοῦρε, drew his splendid armour over his body, and caught up two spears,

13.510

not able to STRIP OFF οὐδ' ἄρ' ἔτ' ἄλλα δυνήσατο τεύχεα καλὰ ὤμοιιν ἀφελέσθαι

Aeneas vs. Idomeneus: Idomeneus hits Oenomaus, but cannot strip the armor from his shoulders since he is pressed by missiles..

Ἰδομενεὺς δ' ἐκ μὲν νέκυος δολιχόσκιον ἔγχος Idomeneus wrenched out the far-shadowing spear from his body ἐσπάσατ', οὐδ' ἄρ' ἔτ' ἄλλα δυνήσατο τεύχεα καλὰ but had no power to strip the rest of his splendid armour ἄμοιιν ἀφελέσθαι: away from his shoulders,

17.91

LEAVE BEHIND with Patroclus' body: λίπω κάτα τεύχεα καλά

Menelaus, fearing blame for leaving behind Patroclus and the armor.

ὤ μοι ἐγὼν εἰ μέν κε λίπω κάτα τεύχεα καλὰ 'Ah me; if I abandon here the magnificent armour, Πάτροκλόν θ', ὂς κεῖται ἐμῆς ἔνεκ' ἐνθάδε τιμῆς, and Patroklos, who has fallen here for the sake of my honour, μή τίς μοι Δαναῶν νεμεσήσεται ὅς κεν ἴδηται. shall not some one of the Danaans, seeing it, hold it against me?

17.760

FALL around trench: πολλά δὲ τεύχεα καλά πέσον

Last words of Book 17: as Hector and Aeneus attack, many pieces of Greek armor fall.

πολλὰ δὲ τεύχεα καλὰ πέσον περί τ' ἀμφί τε τάφρον Many fine pieces of armour littered the ground on both sides φευγόντων Δαναῶν: πολέμου δ' οὐ γίγνετ' ἐρωή. of the ditch, as the Danaans fled. There was no check in the fighting.

ἔντεα 3 times

10.34

Agamemnon arming when found by Menelaus.

τὸν δ' εὖρ' ἀμφ' ὤμοισι τιθήμενον ἔντεα καλὰ
He found him putting the splendid armour about his shoulders
νηὶ πάρα πρύμνη: τῷ δ' ἀσπάσιος γένετ' ἐλθών.
beside the stern of his ship, and was welcomed as he came up to him.

10.472

Diomedes and Odysseus find Thracians sleeping with armor lying εὖ κατὰ κόσμον and τριστοιχί "in three rows"

οἳ δ' εὖδον καμάτῳ ἀδηκότες, ἔντεα δέ σφιν
These were asleep, worn out with weariness, and their armour καλὰ παρ' αὐτοῖσι χθονὶ κέκλιτο εὖ κατὰ κόσμον lay in splendour and good order on the ground beside them τριστοιχί: παρὰ δέ σφιν ἑκάστῳ δίζυγες ἵπποι. in three rows, and beside each man stood his team of horses.

11.755

Nestor recalls victory with gathering of enemies' armor.

ἔνθα Ζεὺς Πυλίοισι μέγα κράτος ἐγγυάλιξε: Then Zeus gave huge power into the hands of the Pylians, τόφρα γὰρ οὖν ἑπόμεσθα διὰ σπιδέος πεδίοιο for we chased them on over the hollow plain, killing κτείνοντές τ' αὐτοὺς ἀνά τ' ἔντεα καλὰ λέγοντες, the men themselves, and picking up their magnificent armour

blades: φάσγανα 1

15.713

Greeks vs. Trojans beside the ship of Protesilaus.

πολλὰ δὲ φάσγανα καλὰ μελάνδετα κωπήεντα swords were scattered along the ground, black-thonged, heavy-hilted, ἄλλα μὲν ἐκ χειρῶν χαμάδις πέσον, ἄλλα δ' ἀπ' ὤμων sometimes dropping from the hands, some glancing from shoulders ἀνδρῶν μαρναμένων: ῥέε δ' αἵματι γαῖα μέλαινα. of men as they fought, so the ground ran black with blood.

chariot: ἄρματα 1

23.533

The funeral games for Patroclus: Antilochus outstrips Menelaus, but Menelaus is close behind and would have passed him, with Meriones next, and the son of Admetus last.

uiòς δ' Ἀδμήτοιο πανύστατος ἤλυθεν ἄλλων Last and behind them all came in the son of Admetos ἕλκων ἄρματα καλὰ ἐλαύνων πρόσσοθεν ἵππους. dragging his fine chariot and driving his horses before him,

κάλ'

armor: τεύχεα 1

3.89

Hector of Paris' offer to have Trojans and Greeks put aside their armor for a duel.

κέκλυτέ μευ Τρῶες καὶ ἐϋκνήμιδες Ἀχαιοὶ 'Hear from me, Trojans and strong-greaved Achaians, the word μῦθον Ἀλεξάνδροιο, τοῦ εἴνεκα νεῖκος ὄρωρεν. of Alexandros, for whose sake this strife has arisen. ἄλλους μὲν κέλεται Τρῶας καὶ πάντας Ἀχαιοὺς He would have all the rest of the Trojans and all the Achaians τεύχεα κάλ' ἀποθέσθαι ἐπὶ χθονὶ πουλυβοτείρῃ, lay aside on the bountiful earth their splendid armour

καλοὶ

chariots: δίφροι

5.194

Pandarus answering Aeneas' urging to shoot arrow at Diomedes: I have no chariot, but eleven chariots remain in home of my father, Lycaon. I refused his order to bring them, trusting my bow, but my arrow has missed him. Criteria of beauty: new made, πρωτοπαγεῖς, just finished, νεοτευχέες.

άλλά που ἐν μεγάροισι Λυκάονος ἔνδεκα δίφροι somewhere in the great house of Lykaon are eleven chariots, καλοὶ πρωτοπαγεῖς νεοτευχέες: beauties, all new made, just finished,

καλὴν

ἀσπίδα: shield 1

11.33

Shield of Agamemnon. Criteria of beauty: scale, ἀμφιβρότην, intense intricacy, πολυδαίδαλον, multiplicity of metal inlays, κύκλοι δέκα χάλκεοι.

ἄν δ' ἔλετ' ἀμφιβρότην πολυδαίδαλον ἀσπίδα θοῦριν And he took up the man-enclosing elaborate stark shield, καλήν, ἢν πέρι μὲν κύκλοι δέκα χάλκεοι ἦσαν, a thing of splendour. There were ten circles of bronze upon it,

shield: ἀσπίδα 1

12.295

Shield of Sarpedon. Criteria of beauty: perfect circle, πάντοσ' ἔίσην, bronze metal, χαλκείην.

αὐτίκα δ' ἀσπίδα μὲν πρόσθ' ἔσχετο πάντοσ' ἔίσην Presently he held before him the perfect circle of his shield, καλὴν χαλκείην ἐξήλατον, ἢν ἄρα χαλκεὺς a lovely thing of beaten bronze, which the bronze-smith hammered

axe: ἀξίνην 1

13.611

Peisander vs. Menelaus: Peisander from under his shield grabs an axe on a long, well-polished olive wood shaft.

Ατρεΐδης δὲ ἐρυσσάμενος ξίφος ἀργυρόηλον<sup>5</sup> Drawing his sword with the silver nails, the son of Atreus ἆλτ' ἐπὶ Πεισάνδρῳ: ὂ δ' ὑπ' ἀσπίδος εἵλετο καλὴν sprang at Peisandros, who underneath his shield's cover gripped ἀξίνην εὔχαλκον ἐλαἵνῳ ἀμφὶ πελέκκῳ his beautiful axe with strong bronze blade upon a long polished μακρῷ ἑΰξέστῳ axe-handle of olive wood.

καλάς

greaves: κνημίδας 2

3.331

Paris arming.

κνημῖδας μὲν πρῶτα περὶ κνήμῃσιν ἔθηκε First he placed along his legs the fair greaves linked with καλάς, ἀργυρέοισιν ἐπισφυρίοις ἀραρυίας: silver fastenings to hold the greaves at the ankles.

11.18

Agamemnon arming.

κνημῖδας μὲν πρῶτα περὶ κνήμησιν ἔθηκε First he placed along his legs the beautiful greaves linked καλὰς ἀργυρέοισιν ἐπισφυρίοις ἀραρυίας: with silver fastenings to hold the greaves at the ankles.

καλῆσιν

battlements: ἐπάλξεσιν 1

22.3

Trojans huddle in Troy like fawns, leaning against the city's battlements.

ῶς οἷ μὲν κατὰ ἄστυ πεφυζότες ἠὖτε νεβροὶ So along the city the Trojans, who had run like fawns, dried ἱδρῶ ἀπεψύχοντο πίον τ' ἀκέοντό τε δίψαν the sweat off from their bodies and drank and slaked their thirst, leaning κεκλιμένοι καλῆσιν ἐπάλξεσιν: along the magnificent battlements.

καλλίστους

horses of Rhesus: ἵππους 1

10.436

Criteria of beauty: maximum size, white color, and, speed.

τοῦ δὴ καλλίστους ἵππους ἴδον ἠδὲ μεγίστους

And his are the finest horses I ever saw, and the biggest;

λευκότεροι χιόνος, θείειν δ' ἀνέμοισιν ὁμοῖοι:

they are whiter than snow, and their speed of foot is the winds' speed;

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In addition to the cognates listed above, there is the adjective *kallimos*, which occurs in the *Odyssey* in the Adonic segments, κάλλιμα δῶρα, (4.130, 8.439, 15.206) and κάλλιμος οὖρος (11.640), and at 11.529 and 12.192. The forms and themes of these cognates of *kalos* are not presented in this letter. They are included in the two original books, *Homeric Beauty. Iliad Forms and Themes* and *Odyssey Forms and Themes*.

<sup>2</sup> This appendix contains only the forms of *kalos*. The forms of its cognates are

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This appendix contains only the forms of *kalos*. The forms of its cognates are included in the two original books, *Homeric Beauty*. *Iliad Forms and Themes* and *Odyssey Forms and Themes*.